The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XIII NO. 231 | BOMBAY WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 30 1925 | ONE ANNA

B.S.A. Prices GREATLY REDUCED. Wellington Cycle & Motor Co., Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

B.S.A. PRICES Greatly Reduced. Wellington Cycle & Motor Co. Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA

(Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
3rd Oct.	RAZMAK	MONGOLIA x	16,504
10th "	CHINA		7,952
17th "	MOOLTAN x		20,847
24th "	RAWALPINDI		16,100
31st "	RAZMAK	MALWA *	10,941
7th Nov.	RANCHI		16,100
14th "	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,83[illegible]
21st "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,4[illegible]
28th "	RAZMAK	MANTUA *	10,902
5th Dec.	RANPURA		16,100
12th "	CHINA	NALDERA x	15,95[illegible]
19th "	DEVANHA		8,1[illegible]
26th "	RAZMAK	MOREA *	10,919
1926. 2nd Jan.	RAWALPINDI		16,100
9th "	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA x	16,227
16th "	RANCHI		16,10[illegible]
23rd "	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA *	11,089
30th "	KAISAR-I-HIND.		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN x	20,847
[illegible]	RANPURA		16,585
[illegible]	RAZMAK	MALWA *	10,941
[illegible]	RAJPUTANA		16,100
[illegible] March	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,837
[illegible]	RAWALPINDI		16,100
20th "	RAZMAK	MANTUA *	10,902
27th "	RANCHI		16,100
31st "	CHINA†		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK	NALDERA x	15,993
10th "	KAISAR-I-HIND		[illegible]
[illegible]	RAZMAK	MOREA *	[illegible]
[illegible]	RANPURA		[illegible]
[illegible] May	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA	16,227
[illegible]	RAJPUTANA		16,100
[illegible]	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA	11,089
[illegible]	RAWALPINDI		16,100
[illegible]	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN	20,847

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

† S. S. "China", 31st March, extra Steamer at following reduced rates:—

1st Saloon to London £ 80, £ 70, & £ 60. " " " Marseilles " 72, " 62, & " 56.

2nd Saloon to London £ 54, and £ 52. " " " Marseilles " 50, " " 48.

The difference in passage rates is according to the position of the cabins.

Very Special berthing arrangements have been made to increase the comfort of passengers proceeding by the "China," on the 31st March 1926.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.			Tons.
[illegible] Nov.	MERKARA	—	—	8,285
[illegible] "	MADURA	—	—	8,975
[illegible] Dec.	MARGHA	—	—	[illegible]
1926 [illegible] Jan.	WARFIELD*		—	6,060
4th Feb.	Cargo Steamer		—	—
18th "	Cargo Steamer		—	—
[illegible] Mar.	DOMALA		—	8,441
8th April	MARGHA		—	8,278
29th "	DUMANA		—	8,427
20th May	WARFIELD*		—	6,069

* Cargo Vessels only, do not convey passengers.

P. & O. SAILING TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

16th Oct.	MALDEN[illegible]	Australia
[illegible] Nov.	SOUDAN* connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA	Straits, China, Japan; Australia
24th "	SICILA*	Straits, China, [illegible]
22nd Dec.	DELTA connecting at Colombo with MONGOLIA	Straits, China, Japan; Australia

*Will not convey passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about	Steamers.	Destination
30th Sept.	KARAGOLA	[illegible]
[illegible]	BARODA	[illegible] Karachi & [illegible] Gulf Ports
[illegible]	VASNA	[illegible] via Karachi
[illegible]	CHAKLA	Karachi and Kathiawar Coastports
[illegible]	VITA	Karachi and Kathiawar Coastports
[illegible]	TAKADA	Colombo

[illegible] will be sailing for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail Steamer, through passengers to [illegible].

Farms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be [illegible]

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, [illegible]

N. Y. K. LINE

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
Ceylon Maru.	J. Yamada	4905	21st Sep.	30th Sep.
* Sado Maru,	T. Sonoyama,	3898	3rd Oct.	13th Oct.
Toyooka Maru,	S. Enya,	7098	16th "	30th "
Tottori Maru	G. Masuda.	5973	29th Oct.	12th Nov.
*Tamba Maru,	J. Fujisawa	6845	15th Nov.	29th Nov.

* Passengers Steamers.

REVISED PASSAGE FARES

For	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Steerage
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Singapore	200	200	140	100
Hongkong	475	320	215	145
Shanghai	530	358	240	160
Kobe	600	400	268	170

For particulars please apply to— NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay. Telephone No. [illegible] Telegrams YUSEN.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN:

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

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Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO. Agents, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES 1926.

Our Registers are now open, and we advise intending passengers to register names for Accommodation. Government Passages also arranged and vouchers accepted in lieu of payment.

We make absolutely no charge for our services but secure the best berths available.

Our [illegible] of particulars forwarded [illegible] application

JEENA & CO.,

PASSAGE DEPARTMENT.

Gresham Building, 45, Esplanade Road, Post B. 849 BOMBAY.

Telephone 23398. Telegrams: "JUSTITIA."

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[illegible] on all Steamship Lines and Railways. Itineraries and Hotel Accommodation arranged. [illegible] and Baggage Insurance effected.

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BRANCHES:

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Authorised Capital	....	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	....	£1,900,000
Reserved Fund	....	£ 300,000
Reserved Liability of Shareholders	....	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER, Manager.

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ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906, (Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY

BRANCHES: Calcutta & Ahmedabad.

LONDON AGENTS: THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...	Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND	Rs. 74,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2 per cent per annum from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY, Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

		Rs.
Capital Authorised	....	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	....	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	....	50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 30-6-25	....	30,80,305
Reserve Fund	....	25,60,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar, Amballa City, Amballa Cant., Bombay, Cawnpore, Calcutta, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Gojra, Hafizabad, Hoshiarpur, Hyderabad (Sind), Jullundur, Jammu, Jhelum City, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Meerut City, Multan City, Montgomery, Okara (Dist. Montgomery), Peshawar C[illegible], Peshawar [illegible], Patiala, Quetta, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Simla, Srinagar

London Agents: THE MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum [illegible] balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS [illegible] as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ [illegible] per annum.

[illegible] OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation [illegible] to be arranged against approved securities.

[illegible] HUNDIS, BILLS [illegible] of outstation [illegible] bought, collected and discounted.

[illegible] particulars and [illegible]

[illegible] Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN LONDON.) (ESTABLISHED 1880.)

		Yen.
Subscribed Capital	....	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	....	100,000,000
Reserved Fund	....	83,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES:

Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Canton, Changchun, Darien, Fengtien, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai Yuan, Karachi, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Nagoya, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Rio de Janeiro, Saigon, Seattle, San Francisco, Samarang, Shanghai, Singapore, Shimonoseki, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokyo, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

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Hornby Road, Bombay.

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BANK OF BARODA LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)

Capital Subscribed	....	Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up	....	Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund		Rs. 21,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: MANDVI, BARODA.

BRANCHES: Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patan, Sidhpur and Amreli.

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS:

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS:

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate [illegible] particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT AC[illegible]

Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted [illegible] cent., by transfers from Savings accounts, subject to three months' [illegible] withdrawal. Rules on application.

C. E. RAN[illegible], General M[illegible]

MODERN TAILOR[illegible]

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TAILORS & OUTF[illegible]

Temporarily removed to PAR[illegible] STREET,

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When you spend so [illegible] YOUR CLOTHES, why not be certain th[illegible] are made by [illegible]

ARAUJO FERNANDES [illegible]

[illegible] TAILOR[illegible]

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INSURANCE.

PROFESSIONAL MEN?

Have you provided against total and Permanent disablement either by accident or disease

DO IT

We will tell you HOW

Apply:—

The Great Eastern Life Assurance Co., Ld.

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AGENTS WANTED in unrepresented districts.

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Insurance Funds over	...	Rs. 3,25,000
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Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) the Trustees of the Reserved Fund. Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000 LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before insuring elsewhere. For particulars apply to:—

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Prompt Settlement of Claims
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ON and from 1st June, 1925 our charges for Short Advertisements are as under:—

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Minimum Twelve Words.

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Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA

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CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No......... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

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Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

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A R1805

WANTED—RESPECTABLE and INFLUENTIAL GENTLEMEN to represent as Life Chief Agents for The East and West Insurance Company, Ltd., for unrepresented districts. For terms etc., apply to THE SECRETARIES, at 65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
A

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in "Jain Ashrama" Chotisadri (Mewar). 1 Experienced GRADUATE as Head-master, strong in Hindi on Rs. 60-5-80 p.m. 1 Experienced UNDER-GRADUATE as an assistant strong in Sanskrit on Rs. 35 ... p.m. Preference will be given to ... stating age. S. K. ... Chief Secretary, ...
A

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A QUALIFIED and EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT, Practical knowledge of Company work desirable. Salary Rs. 80. Apply with testimonials Box No. 1014, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 24193

A MANAGER for a mofussil branch of an Import house. Apply with testimonials. Box No. 1013, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
A R24192

SITUATIONS WANTED.

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B R1877

ACCOUNTANT having eight years' experience and knowledge of Mercantile Accounts seeks for situation. Please write Box No. 1012, Advt. Dept, "Bombay Chronicle."
B P1897.

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TO LET—SHOPS FLATS and ROOMS for respectable Parsee and European families; Goverdhandas Mansions, Sopari Baug Road, Parel. For particulars see MISTRY on the premises.
C R1848

TO LET.—FLATS on upper and ground floor at Motlibai Street. Apply S. A. MISRI, 146, Nagdevi Street, Bombay 3.
C R1876

DOUBLE ROOMS TO LET to Hindoos only in a newly-built House, at Andheri Only eight minutes' walk from the Station Rent Rs. 13 per month. See BHAIDASBHAI, C/o. Bhicka Cullianji and Co., Chemists Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay 2.
C R1861

TO LET FLATS with spacious drawing room, bedrooms and bathroom, electric and gas fittings, at 135, Lemington Road, near Lal Chimney. Apply to GULABCHAND DEVCHAND, 16, Apollo Street, Fort.
C24125

TO BE LET—Well ventilated with good accommodation BLOCKS, containing 5, 4 and 3 rooms in Gordhan Building, No 2, Near West End Cinema, Charni Road. Apply:—Gordhandas, Sir Mangaldas House, Lemington Road.
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FOR SALE—Very fertile and healthy village of Umber, Talooka Chawrashi in Surat District, only two miles from Sachin Rly. Station and close to the sea. Best opportunity for the safest and lucrative investment. For further particulars apply Box No. 998, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle"
G R1850

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JA R1874

PERSONAL.

ESPLANADE HIGH SCHOOL—POOR BOX DAY comes off on FRIDAY, 9th October, Ex-Students and Teachers are requested to send in their contributions.
P R1892

PHOTOGRAPHY

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from ... of India for publication. "The Chronicle." ... will be ...

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'RACING WRINKLES'—How to win at racing. Showing how to make every bet a stonewall certainty, Re. 1. "Long ..." A system that never loses. Is fully explained. It is impossible to lose. Every bet a winning one, Rs. 5. KING AND CO., Booksellers, Hornby Road, Bombay.
S 24154

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G RR1879

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THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand speed classes and all other commercial subjects. Excellent results every year. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE, Shorthand and Typewriting, No. 485, Kalbadevi Road, teaches Pitman's Shorthand and Typewriting under experts by their two months' special Course. Open from 8 a.m. to 7-30 p.m., Special arrangements for speed classes and for ladies. Apply for prospectus.
M

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

ALUMINIUM NAME PLATE of yours Annas four. Send stamps to MADHAV COMPANY, Somerset Street, Camp Karachi.
R1853.

LOOK HERE:—Renowned ILKAL SARRIES, colour guaranteed. Particulars in catalogue. SHRI MAHALUXMI SILK SARRI MANUFACTORY, ILKAL. Distt. Bijapur, M. S. M. Rly.
T R1855

NIK-KO SMOKERS' TOOTH-PASTE—This tooth paste is specially prepared for smokers but it is equally good for non-smokers also Obtainable from PARAB and CO., and KOWSER PERFUMERY Co., Poorbhoy Building, No. 2, Princess Street, Bombay and also from all Leading Merchants
T 24163.

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TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—New Yost No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200, Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem. 120, Mahrati 125, Visible, Rs. 190; Corona 3, Rs. 85 to 125. Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195. Corona Four, Rs. 225. NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 21223.
N WS

TYPEWRITERS:—We offer New Fox Standard Typewriters, list price Rs 450, for Rs. 290 Net. Unique opportunity to secure a highgrade typewriter with many exclusive features at such a low price. Call or write for demonstration. Corona latest Improved Model Rs. 195, Corona Four (Four-bank Standard Keyboard) Rs. 225, Remington Portable Rs. 234, Factory Rebuilt Remington 10 and 11 and Olivers 9 and 11 at exceptionally low prices. Second-hand Typewriters from Rs. 80 and upwards. Repairs to All Makes. A visit will pay you. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., 24, Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay.
N W

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AMERICAN STYLE LETTER HEADS printed with American Types. Design book free. TAJ PRINTING WORKS, opposite Hongkong Bank, off Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.
L R1880

PROFESSION.

CONSULT DR. THAKORE, Specialist for nervous, functional sexual, ... and other chronic disorders. Laud... sion, Charni Road Station.
P

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FOR SALE from stock—8" x 13" x 16" and 11" x 17½" x 20" Lees Steam Engines, 10, 15, 20, 25, 50, 100 Clayton Crude Oil Engines. Sole Agents M. H. Dinshaw and Co., 47, Apollo Street, Bombay.
K R1896.

ICE MACHINES.—B. M. Katpitia, 46, Homji Street, Fort, Bombay. Post Box 759, supplies economical Ice Machines with latest improvements.
K R1878

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AFGHANISTAN, PERSIA and BALUCHISTAN PRODUCTS. Seven lbs Quetta Rosy Peaches or two lbs. Assofoetida or Five Tolas Persian Saffron or one pound Almonds oil or eight pounds Persian Rose Gulkhand 12/- Half Quantity 7/-. Delivery Free. Quality Special. TRIKHA BROTHERS, Quetta.
F R1347

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		per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	...	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	...	Rs. 6-8-0
3rd Insertion	...	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions		Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

THE BERAR MANUFACTURING CO., LD

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Lloyd Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate on SATURDAY, the 10th October, 1925, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) when the subjoined resolution which was passed at the EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company, held on 24th September, 1925, will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution.

"That sub-clause (p) of article 89 of the Articles of Association of the Company be deleted and the following be substituted in its place—

"p—To invest any moneys of the Company in any form of investment which may be considered desirable and from time to time to vary any such investment."

By order of the Board,
(Sd.) KASTURCHAND DADABHOY AND CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 26th September, 1925.
24189

NOTICE.

WANTED a qualified Upper Subordinate from recognised institution in India with previous experience of road construction work. Post is temporary for 3 years, on a consolidated salary of Rs. 160 per month. Application must reach before 31-10-1925.

S. N. GUPTA,
District Engineer,
District Council, Buldana.

W. K. D. 21/8/25.
23969

THE BARSI SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS, LTD.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company No. 309, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of September, 1925, at 5-15 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st December, 1924.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the year 1925 and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,
DESAI SONS & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st ... 1925, to 14th October, 1925, both inclusive.
C24130

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING AND FOUNDRIES LIMITED, RUTLAM.
(In Liquidation.)

PURSUANT to the order, dated the 28th August, 1924, of the Sarnyayadhish Court, the property of the abovenamed Company will be put up for sale as a going concern, at 3 p.m. on the 1st November, 1925, at the premises of the said Company near the Amlia Bherou Road in Rutlam. The property will be sold in the presence of the First Class Magistrate of Rutlam. The property will be open to inspection 15 days before the date of sale.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

(1) The piece of land, measures about 11 bighas, there is a well in it. The annual rent is Rs. 29-13-0 to be paid to the revenue authority of the State.
(2) One pakka building for purposes of the office.
(3) One stone building, containing the machineries.
(4) Hut, etc., for servants, etc.
(5) One engine house.
(6) One oil engine of 20 H. P. Deisel make.
(7) One forge for melting 5 tons of cast iron at a time. one forge melting three tons, five lathes 6 to 12 feet, two empire drilling machine, screw cutting machine, facing machine, milling machine, large size planing machine, double emery grinder (Saran machine saw machine, two big cranes, which can lift up packages and moulding boxes weighing more than ... tons, two blowers, and besides mechanic, moulding, pattern make all kind of tools and plant, etc.

For further particulars apply to NATHULAL VAKIL, Official Liquidator at Rutlam

NATHULAL VAKIL,
Official Liquidator, Rutlam.
R1894.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY,

NEW TIME TABLE.

A NEW TIME TABLE will come into force on and from 1st October, 1925. The principal changes are as follows:—

No. 1.—Dn. Nagpur Mail will leave V. Terminus at 14/0 hrs. and arrive Nagpur at 7/30.

Nos. 3.—Dn. and 4 Up Poona Mail trains will not stop at Talegaon.

Nos. 17.—Dn. and 18 Up Passenger trains now running between Bombay and Bezwada will run between Bombay and Raichur. These trains will however maintain the usual connection at Wadi with the N. G. S. Ry. trains. No. 17 Dn. Passenger leaving Bombay on 30/9/25 will run direct to Raichur.

A Bogie third class carriage will be run through between Bombay and Secunderabad on Nos. 35 Dn. and 36 Up Madras Fast Passenger trains and by the connecting N. G. S. Ry. Nos. 4 Dn. and 5 Up Passenger trains.

On and from the same date the section Jubbulpore to Naini and Chheoki of the E. I. Ry. will be taken over by this Railway and the train service between Jubbulpore and Allahabad will be as shown below:—

		401 Dn. Passr.	7 Dn. Mail.	403 Dn. Passr.	405 Dn. Passr.
Jubbulpore	Arr.	10-20	18-10	22-40	—
	Dep.	10-55	18-35	23-20	—
Katni	Arr.	13-21	19-58	1-46	—
	Dep.	13-35	20- 6	2- 1	—
Manikpur	Arr.	18-52	23- 2	6-50	—
	Dep.	19- 7	23-10	7- 5	9- 0
Naini	Arr.	21-34	—	9-27	12- 6
	Dep.	2142	—	9-32	12-12
Chheoki	Arr.	—	0-33	—	—
	Dep.	—	0-43	—	—
Allahabad	Arr.	22- 0	—	9-50	12-30

		402 Up Passr.	8 Up Mail.	404 Up Passr.	406 Up Passr.
Allahabad	Dep.	21-30	—	8-16	17-20
Chheoki	Arr.	—	9-37	—	—
	Dep.	—	9-48	—	—
Naini	Ar.	21-42	—	8-27	17-32
	Dep.	22-19	—	8-32	17-37
Manikpur	Arr.	1- 9	11-22	11-47	20-30
	Dep.	1-19	11-30	11-57	—
Katni	Arr.	5-55	14-23	16-42	—
	Dep.	6-10	14-31	16-56	—
Jubbulpore	Arr.	8-30	16- 0	19-27	—
	Dep.	9-15	16-25	20-10	—

For timings of all trains over this Railway see Sheet time tables exhibited at stations.

D. A. FENTON,
Chief Trans Superintendent.

Bombay, 24/9/25.
C24157

"BROADCASTING"

"BROADCASTING".—A 5 Valve Set Tuned High Frequency (2 H. F. Detector—2 L.F.) in a beautiful Cabinet for Rs. 165 only. A Kit to build the above complete in every respect less Cabinet for Rs. 125 only. CHICAGO TELEPHONE SUPPLY CO., Radio and Telephone Engineers and Stockists of Everything in Wireless, 173, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Telegrams: "Chiphone". Telephone No. 24963.
T 24057

PUBLIC NOTICES.

KATNI "CASTLE" BRAND AND JUBBULPORE "LOTUS" BRAND

Portland Cements

ALSO

KATNI FIRE BRICKS FIRE CLAY, BOILER SEATING BLOCKS FLUE COVERS

All available for IMMEDIATE DELIVERY EX-BOMBAY STOCK.

THE KATNI CEMENT AND INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
THE JUBBULPORE PORTLAND CEMENT CO. LTD.
C. MACDONALD & CO., AGENTS
Laxmi Building, Ballard Road, Fort BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 20418.

NOTICE.

THE following alterations have been made in the Prospectus of the Madras Races 1925-26:—

MADRAS MEETING 1925-26.

Fourth Day, Saturday, 2nd January, 1926.

Fifth Day, Wednesday, 6th January, 1926.

Sixth Day Saturday, 9th January, 1926.

Seventh Day, Wednesday, 13th January, 1926.

*FIRST ENTRIES will close at 3 p.m. on Monday, 21st December, 1925.
*FINAL ENTRIES will close at 9-30 a.m. on Monday, 28th December, 1925.
*FIRST FORFEITS for all Races on above mentioned dates will be due at 9-30 a.m. on Thursday, 31st December, 1925.

*and not as published in the Prospectus.

H. A. HILDEBRAND, Major.
Secretary,
Madras Race Club.
C24186

GENUINE LINSEED OILS.

AWARDED BRONZE MEDAL at the Paris Exhibition, 1906.
AWARDED GOLD MEDAL at the Indian Industrial Exhibitions, 1898, 1900, 1901 and 1924.

Manufactured by
THE GOUREPORE COY., LTD., CALCUTTA.
Contractors to The Military and Public Works Departments.
State Railways and All large contractors throughout India, the East and other Colonies.
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
19733 Agents.

TENDERS.

KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED from contractors, who are prepared to supply about 2300 tons of C. I. Pipes, Valves, Hydrants and Special castings for Water Works. Tenders will be received upto 27th November, 1925.

The specification and tender forms can be had from the Office of the Executive Engineer, Karachi Municipality upto 26th November, 1925.

A plan showing special castings can be seen at the Municipal Office during office hours and can be had for Rs. 5 each.

The Municipality do not bind to accept the lowest or any tender.

All tenders to hold good until orders of the Municipality are passed thereon within 20 days from date of the receipt of tender and no tenderer will be allowed to withdraw his tender and will be held responsible upto the 20th day from the date of the receipt of tender.

J. N. SETNA,
B. Sc. (Glasgow,)
A. M. I. S. E. etc.,
Executive Engineer,
Karachi Municipality.

Municipal Office,
Karachi, 1st September, 1925.
C24179

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTIFICATION.

NO: 6673/ M.V. OF 1925.

THE PUBLIC CONVEYANCE (MOTOR VEHICLES) RULES, 1922.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the period during which objections or suggestions were invited to the draft Notification published in Government Notification, Home Department No 6513, dated the 16th July, 1925, proposing to amend the rules to regulate the use of Motor Vehicles let or plying for hire in public places within the limits of the Town and Island of Bombay published under Commissioner of Police's Notification No. 5028/MV., dated the 23rd July, 1925, is extended by one month i.e. up to 23RD OCTOBER, 1925.

P. A. KELLY,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 28th September 1925.

C24190.

AUCTION SALE.

THE MOVEABLES OF THE TANJORE PALACE ESTATE, consisting of valuable JEWELLERY fit to be worn by Maharajas and Zamindars, precious articles of "The Royal Household of the Famous Maharaja Rulers of Tanjore" in Gold and Silver, Silver Chombus, Tumblers, Cups and Water Tubs, Vankees set with diamonds and pearls Precious Couches mounted in Gold, Pathakams with pearls and rubies, Patties, Rakkudis, Gendais, Boolaks, and Rings set with emeralds, valuable ivory articles.

ARTICLES OF FURNITURE, consisting of cushioned Chairs, Sofas, Queen Anne Chairs, Card, Chess, dressing and round Tables, with Marble Tops, Teapoys, Chest of Drawers, Teakwood and Iron Cots, Almyrahs, Large Mirrors, Petrol and Table Lamps, Globes and Wall-shades, BILLIARD TABLE WITH ALL ACCESSORIES, Gardener's tools, two Maxwell Cars, Horses Landaus, Bullocks, Flower Pots, etc., etc., will be sold by me in Public Auction, at the Palace and District Court premises, Tanjore, on the 5th October, 1925, and subsequent days by Order of the District Court, West Tanjore.

T. N. KALIDOSS, B.A., B.L.,
High Court Vakil & Commissioner.

Tanjore, 3-9-1925.

N.B.—Articles mentioned in para I (with the exception of the precious articles of the Royal Household and the valuable Ivory articles) will be sold at the District Court premises on the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th October, and the other articles at the Palace from the 9th October onwards; the auction commencing at 12 NOON DAILY.

T. N. KALIDOSS,
Commissioner.

24056

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1657 of 1924.

MAGANLAL DALPATRAM KHAKHAR ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

VOHRA HUSSEINBHAI ALLIBHAI and others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 19th day of March, 1925, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction at the premises under the directions of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, 1925, at the hour of 4-30 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground, containing by admeasurement seven hundred and fifty square yards or thereabouts, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1764, Byculla division and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land under Collector's Old Nos. 29, 95, 96, 49, 172, 78 and 191, New Nos. 13531, 13602, C/13710, 13552, 13680 and 13803 and New Survey Nos. 1-2-3/2549 1B 33587, 3E and 4c/3550 and part of 3589 together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon and all which premises are situated at Sankli Street, Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under E Ward No. 3923 (1a), Street Nos. 110a, and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the North by the property of Hasanally Badruddin, on the South by the Sankli Street, on the East by the plot leased out to Jacob and on the West by the private road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. CAPTAIN & VAIDYA, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1925.

R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.

C24074

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

A NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Registered Office of the BARSI SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS, CO. LIMITED, will be CHANGED from its present address, No. 309, Hornby Road Fort, Bombay, to the following address from the 1st October, 1925:—

NANJEE BUILDINGS,
17, Elphinston Circle,
3rd Floor, Rooms No. 11, 12 & 13
Fort, Bombay.

All persons interested in the above concern are therefore hereby requested to address their communications to the new address hereafter.

C24188

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 82 of 1925.

ANANT SADASHIV RANADE and Another. ... Plaintiff.

Vs.

YESHODABAI, widow and heir of Parsharam Krishna Biwalkar. Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 17th day of August, 1925, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, 1925, at the hour of 3-30 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land, together with the bungalow thereon and comprised in one compound, situate at Mowje Veshaw Pot Tukdi, Taluka Alibag, District Kolaba, which is more particularly described hereunder:—

Survey No.	Entry No.	Block No.	Falni No.	Area.	Assessment.
98	286	2	0	0-15-0	0-12-0
98	287	3	0	1-5¼	5-0-0
98	289	5	0	0-5¼	0-4-0
98	290	6	0	0-25¼	1-0-0
98	291	7	0	0-35¼	0-8-0
98	292	0	1	0-33	0-5-0
98	293	0	2	0-37	0-7-0
98	294	0	3	0-11¼	0-1-6
98	288	4	0	0-8¼	0-12-0
98	70	0	194-1	1-0	0-8-0
	119	...			

together with trees, leaves, fences, walls, quarries, partition walls, grass, grass land, inferior soil etc. And together with all the tiled building, walls, water passages, tanks etc. standing thereon.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. DIVEKAR AND BHAGWAT, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 48, Nanabhai Lane Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 28th day of September, 1925.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.

C24191

AUCTION SALES.

MISTRY & CO

General Auctioneers, Valuers and Commission Agents.
27/29, Hummam Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 25152.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE LANDED PROPERTIES SITUATED AT HEEV AND RASS AT THANA DISTRICT.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 15 of 1925.

Kallianji Kanji ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

Ramdas Kanji and others ... Defendants.

By order of the Receiver appointed in the above suit by Consent Decree, dated the 17th day of June, 1925, Messrs. MISTRY and Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of October, 1925, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms in Hummam Street, Fort, very valuable immoveable landed properties, situated at Heev and Rass, Taluka Shahpure, District Thana and also

1 share of the Khandesh Press Co., Ltd.
5 shares of the Sirdar Carbolic Gas Co., Ltd.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Manchershaw B. Chothia and Co., Solicitors, 14, Hummam Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT VITHALWADY CROSS LANE AND CHAMPA GULLY OR KHATARALLI FIRST LANE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for Mr. Devidas Tricumdas and another, the mortgagees in exercise of the power of sale reserved to them under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 8th March, 1921, and made between Hiralal Dharamsy and others of the one part and the mortgagees of the other part, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 20th proximo, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on the firstly described premises in one lot or two separate lots the following:—

(FIRSTLY).—All that piece of perpetual Cazandari land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house and premises standing thereon, situate at Vithalwadi Cross Lane, admeasuring about 100 3/9 square yards and bounded on the East by the property of Parekh Amarchand Bechardas, on the West by the property of Bhanibai, widow of Bhimji Mulji, on the South by the property of Bhaiseth Jiwanji and on the North by the said Vithalwadi Cross Lane or Shekadi Lane, and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 1721, and Street No. 1 and bearing New Survey No. 1502, and Cadastral Survey No. X of Division.

(SECONDLY.)—All that piece of ground with the messuage, tenement or compartment thereon standing on the north side of Khataralli First Lane or Champagully Street, and admeasuring about 51 and 4/9 square yards or about 11 feet and 6 inches in breach including the wall which divides it from the Western most compartment and excluding the wall which divides it from the eastern most compartment and 50 feet 2 inches in length and registered by the Collector under Old No. 141, New No. B/1291, Old Survey No. 132, New Survey No. 2/1525, Cadastral Survey No. X Division, which said messuage or tenement is assessed by the Municipality under Old No. 40 and New Street No. 69 and Ward No. 1557 (2) and which said premises are bounded on the North by the house of Shrinathji Maharaj, on the South by the aforesaid Khataraili First Lane or Champagully Road, on the East by the 3rd Compartment belonging to Narayen Jiwanji and on the West by the first Compartment belonging to Bhai Jiwanji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE

On SATURDAY, the 3rd October 1925 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Official Liquidator of "The New Oil Mills Co., Ltd.," (in liquidation) one lot of office furniture such as one large iron safe on stand (Godrej), writing tables, chairs, cupboards, office benches, copying press, clock, etc.

Under instructions from Mr. Framroz A. Vakil, Executor of the late Elias Soloman Sassoon.

2 Cupboards.

By order of Ag. Assessor and Collector tables, chairs, easy chairs etc.

By order of the concerned.

2 Cases Turkey red Saree (Kasumbi Cavan—4/9 yards—200 per case).

AT 4-40 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred brougham.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred office shigram
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.
2 Chestnut Country bred gelding.

AUCTION SALE OF (COUNTRY DAMAGED) UGANDA COTTON.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 30th September, 1925, sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), at Sewri Cotton Depot on account of the concerned:—

8 full pressed bales Uganda Cotton Country damaged lying at Sewri in Mr. Wadia's godown No. 13.

At 4-40 P.M. (S.T.)

At Sewri in Toyo Menka Kaisha's godown No. H—109.

5 full pressed bales Uganda Cotton country damaged ex. s.s. "Karapara."

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

MEHTA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RAILWAY.
119, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 21285.

AUCTION SALE OF 100 TONS WHITE JAVA SUGAR.

On TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 30th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Strauss and Co., Ld., at Khand Bazar at the shop of Messrs. Rustomji Virpal and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Tyeb Haji Ayub Adenwalla.

EX S. S. DOGRA.

1,905 bags White Java Sugar about 100 tons of September Shipment Marked.

Strauss,
Bombay.
Made in Java

MEHTA AND CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
123, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 22736.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY, CONSISTING OF A BIG BUILDING WITH A LARGE PIECE OF VACANT GROUND SUITABLE FOR BUILDING PURPOSE, SITUATE AT GAWALIA TANK ROAD, NEXT TOTUTORIAL HIGH SCHOOL.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will by order of Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys, for the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Abdul Kayum Alibhai, Ebrahim Alibhai ad Esmailji Alibhai the mortgagors and their surety Gulam Hosein Essaji Tajbhoy in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagee under an indenture of mortgagee dated the 15th day of December, 1920, and an Indenture of Further Charge, dated the 23rd day of January, 1922, and made between the said mortgagors of the one part and the said mortgagee of the other part sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 2nd day of October, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises the undermentioned property.—

PARTICULARS

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground with the messuage tenements or shops and dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Gowalia Tank Road in the island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4,813 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 662, New Nos. 3002 B-3002 and D-3002 Old Survey No. 53 and New Survey Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 2 A-7055 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property formerly of Kaikhosru Muncherji Adenwalla but now of the mortgagors on or towards the West by the property of L. P. D'Souza, and Sons, on or towards the North by the property known as Shastri Hall on or towards the South by the said Gowalia Tank Road, and which said messuages and tenements are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under "D" Ward Nos. 3378 (1-2), 3378 (3A), 3378 (4), 3378 (5), and Street Nos. 33, 35, 35A, 35B, 35BB, 35C and 35D.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the mortgagee at their office at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT HIRD MARINE LINES STREET, CHOBITTALAO.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will by order of and under instructions from Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal Mehta and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee, Mr. Jehangirji M. Tarachand will sell by public auction on the premises on SATURDAY, the 3rd October, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned property on account and at the risk of Mr. Framji R. Homavazir the Mortgagor, under and by virtue of powers of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated 3rd day July, 1923, and made between the Mortgagor of the one part and Hargovan Manchand and another of the other part, the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage, dated the 20th day of December, 1923, and made between the mortgagor of the 1st part, Hargovan Manchand and another of the 2nd part and mortgagee of the third part and Indenture of Further Charge dated the 29th day of May, 1924, and made between the said Mortgagor of the one part and the mortgagee of the other part.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Pension and Texture, situate at Third Marine Street, without the Fort of Bombay, together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 82 and 5/9ths square yards or thereabouts and situated within the registration Sub-Disrict of Bombay and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 727, New No. 3288, Old Survey No. 10, New Survey No. 8346 and Cadastral Survey No. 232 in the Bhuleshwar division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 2621 Street No. 73 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by the Sweepers passage, on or towards the South by the third marine lane public Road, on or towards the West by the property of Byramji S. Sanjana and on or towards the East by the property of Jiwanji Burjorji Pochkhanawalla.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal Mehta and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office at 41, Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJI COWASJI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AMRUTANJAN

is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact

AMRUTANJAN

Is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly

CURES ALL

aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas.

Sold Everywhere.

It kills and cures all

ACHES AND PAINS

AMUSEMENTS

WARNER BROS
Classic of the Screen

"BROADWAY AFTER DARK"

A Mighty Melodrama of Every Day Life
Starring
ADOLPHE MENJOU
PATHE GAZETTE.
PATHE PICTORIAL.
TIME: 6, 8 and 10 P.M.
DONT MISS IT!
PATHE CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

At Public Request!!!
Another Week! One More Week!!
Krishna Films Co.'s Super-production with gorgeous splendour

"CHANDRA-KANT"

OR

"FILIAL DUTY, SELF-SACRIFICE & SEARCH OF MAGIC JEWEL"

Will be Screened at

KRISHNA CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE,
NEW CHURNEY ROAD.
USUAL TIME & MODERATE RATES.

GLOBE CINEMA Sandhurst Road.

TO-NIGHT 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.
Prices:—Rs. 2, Re. 1, As. 12, As. 8, As. 4, and As. 3 Including Tax.
LAST WEEK: CHAPTERS 8, 9, & 10.
DO NOT MISS!!
PATHE SERIAL
"LEATHERSTOCKING"
WITH
EDNA MURPHY and HAROLD MILLER.
See: George Washington is only one of the many interesting persons who is to be seen in this film version.
THRILLING STRUGGLES on the edge of a cliff.
Also 2 Reels laughing Pathe Comic
"ASLEEP AT THE SWITCH"
Starring—BEN TURPIN.
DO NOT MISS.

IMPERIAL

presents
TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK
KOHINOOR FILM COY.'S
Social Production
FORSAKEN LOVE
DAILY FOUR SHOWS:
at 5, 7, 9 & 11 P. M.
EXTRA SHOWS
On Sat., Sunday & Holiday, at 3 P. M.

Cinema Majestic

Present THIS WEEK
Hindoostan Cinema Film Co's
MYTHOLOGICAL FILM
SANT JANABAI.
TIME AND RATES AS USUAL.

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, September 29.

The western disturbance is passing away Eastwards without giving further rain. Widespread rain has fallen in the South-west of the Peninsula. The temperature is appreciably below normal in the Punjab and the surrounding hills.

Rainfall has been general in Mysore and Malabar and local in Assam, Konkan, Bombay Deccan and Madras Deccan.

A few falls have occurred in Bengal, West Central Provinces, Southeast Madras and North Madras Coast.

The chief amounts are:—Noakhali two inches; Jessore one; Bangalore, Calicut, Kodaikanal and Beliary one and a half.

Forecast:—No large change.—A. P.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	Hours to 8 a.m. of 29th Sept. 1925.	Total since 1st June, 1925.	June 1st to 29th Sept. 1923.	1924
	In. Cs.	In. Cs.	In. Cs.	In. Cs.
Colaba Point ..	..	47 44	77 49	51 75
Fort	0 10	53 24	74 97	57 29
Esplanade ..	..	..	..	..
J. J. Hospital	0 11	50 78	78 12	..
Cumbala Hill				
Kemp & Co.	..	..	..	..
Bom. Vety. Col				
Parel	..	..	..	..

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.
GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay, Sept. 28th

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr		29.773 inches.
Temperature of Air	..	81.4 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	..	78.6 "
Dew Point	..	76.5 "
Relative humidity of Air	..	80%
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)	..	3.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air		89.8 "
Minimum do. do.	..	78.4 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		SS W, E, NW,
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	..	185 miles.
Fall of Rain	..	0.00 inches
Total fall during month	..	3.49 "
Do. do. year..	..	50.20 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 29th Sept	..	0.00 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.
	Sep	h. m	ft in.	Se	h. m.	ft in
Tu	29	9 9	27 6	29	2 22	17 4
		21 17	16 7		15 19	18 0
W	30	9 55	28 4	30	3 16	16 7
	Oct	22 8	27 9		16 0	16 8
Th.	1	10 16	28 9	1	4 7	16 3
		22 55	[illegible]		16 40	15 8
Fr.	2	11 14	[illegible] 2	2	4 50	16 2
		23 39	[illegible] 3		17 16	15 2
Sat.	3	[illegible] 34	28 8	3	9 10	20 5
		15 11	15 0		21 32	18 5
Sun	4	0 20	29 4	4	5 9	16 8
		12 28	28 5		18 23	15 1
M	5	0 58	29 0	5	6 46	17 6
		13 0	27 8		18 54	15 6

A TRUCE FOR ALL MEDICINES.

Why go for Hakims and Doctors for your manual vigour and strength?

When you can cure yourself in 10 minutes without drinking any medicine or applying anything externally, why not take a treat. This is not an electric machine nor a magic, but this is an outcome of the old Persian Science from Hakim Buzur Chamehar the personal Hakim and Prime Minister of King Navshirwane-adil. This invention has turned out so satisfactory that we want to introduce it in Europe and America. This is such a contrivance that makes the blood circulate in your body so freely that in about ten minutes, you will feel surprised at the powerful vigour you get in your old shattered nerves.

We do not sell the apparatus even for a thousand of Rupees because the construction is known to us only. To assure you, a free trial is given at our dispensary and for subsequent visit Rs. 2/- per each time.

Visiting Address—Jaffary Dispensary, New Bhatia Sanitorium, Girgaum Back Road, opposite Maharathi Municipal Girls' School, Prathna Samaj, Bombay.

Postal Address—Jaffary Dispensary, Bombay No. 4.

For MOFFUSIL CUSTOMERS.

Our own man will pay a visit at your place with the contrivance and will cure you.

FEES are Rs. 5/- per visit plus Inter class fare.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

29th September 1925.

After the recent advance Reuter reported today 17 to 40 points lower in New York futures. Liverpool has been reported 9 to 11 points lower. The markets declined on long liquidation and hedge selling.

Messrs. Ginrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., cable under date 28th inst. as under:—

"Market declined on realising on favourable weather."

In sympathy with lower advices reported from Home the Marwaris Bazar opened easier by Rs. 3 1/2 with Broach April/May at Rs. 419 and declined gradually to Rs. 417 on selling by Commission Houses and Shroffs. The prices after improving by a rupee or so on general buying, again gave way to Rs. 416 1/2 on Jobbers selling on reports of Liverpool opening quotations being received lower than expected and closed at Rs. 416/3/4. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 416 and going down by half a rupee closed steady at Rs. 417 on Japanese House buying.

Oomra January opened at Rs. 404 and gradually declined to Rs. 402 on selling by Commission Houses. The values, then going up by a rupee on buying by Shroffs declined Rs. 400 1/2 in sympathy with the decline in Broach and closed at Rs. 402. Bengal January was quoted Rs. 352 1/2 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton remained quiet yesterday and the demand was poor.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS. 6 P.M.

Bombay, Sept. 29.	
Fully Good Broach April/May	417
Fully Good Bengal Dec.-Jan	352½
Fine Oomra Dec.-Jan	402
EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.	
Fully Good Broach April/May	417
Fully Good Bengal Dec.-Jan.	352
Fine Oomra Dec.-Jan.	402

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 29.		
Bengal Superfine M. G.	420	.....
Bengal Fine M. G.	400	390
Bengal S. G. M. G.	370	.....
Sindh-Punjab Fine M. G.	400	.....
Sindh-Punjab F. G. M. G.	370	.....
Punjab-Americans M. G.	450/70	460
Wardha-Hinganghat Fine M. G.	420/30	450
Nagpur Fine M. G.	420/30	450
Yeotmal Fine M. G.	.....	437
Paligaon Fine M. G.	400/20	437
Dharmaneaum Fine M. G.	.....	.....
Amraoti Fine M. G.	390/410	427
Khamgaon Akola Fine M. G.	390/410	427
Malkapur Fine M. G.	390	.....
Khandesh Fine M. G.	390	414
Khandesh F. G. M. G.	380	.....
Broach Fine M. G.	465	452
Broach Fully Good M. G.	450	.....
Muthia Fine M. G.	.....	415
Muthia F. G. M. G.	.....	400
Dharwar S. G.	435/40	.....
Coompta M. G.	430/40	.....
Westerns M. G.	400/10	.....
Westerns H. G.	.....	.....
Miraj M. G.	410/20	.....
Cambodia M. G.	470/90	.....

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 28th September, 1925:—

	Bales.
Cotton	275
	Cwts.
Wheat	4944
Linseed	4175
Rape, etc	547
Gingelly seed	1105
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	1144
Castorseed	6372
Rice	676
Myrabolams	Nil
Cottonseed	4571
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	291
Juwar	735
Masur	Nil
Barley	Nil
Bajri	491
	Tons.
Coal	858

WIRE OF MESSRS. A. NORDEN AND CO.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., Cotton Brokers and Commission Agents, Bombay, have received the following cable from their New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co.:—

New York, Dated 28th.

"Teahing on favourable weather and weakness in wheat."

RUBBER.

London, Sept. 28.

Para Up River Fine, Spot October/November sellers 35 1/2.

Tone:—Quiet.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot October paid buyers 39 3/4.

Tone:—Moderate business closed steady.

Ribbed smoked sheets October paid buyers 39 3/4.

BARLEY.

London, Sept. 28.

Karachi Barley September/October London 36.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, Sept. 28.

Cardiff to Bombay 12/6.

BRUEL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Sept. 29

In mill-pressed Bales	2 Days.	Since 1st September, This year	Last year
Khandesh	..	56	2,616
Central India	99	4,79	63
Barsi and Nagar	550	1,043	1,741
Hyderabad (Deccan)	..	109	49
Berar	..	2,869	2,119
Central Provinces	9	1,419	477
Total Oomras	242	10,985	6,560
Gholera	..	1,693	609
N.-W. Provinces	..	1,024	21
Rajputana	..	900	87
Sind-Punjab	..	1,633	1,794
Broach	..	...	214
Coompta & Dharwar	..	8,922	1,825
Westerns-Northerns	3	4,80	2,521
Cocanada	..	507	403
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	..	4,817	2,172
Persian	1	651	372
American	..	138	..
Egyptian and African	19	10,404	5,360
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	..	..	..
Total	275	44,666	22,119

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	1st Sept to 24th Sept. Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	3,207	31,935	8,921
Japan & China	4,000	23,521	54,703
Coast Ports	..	7,695	1,243
Upcountry by Rail	..	398	1,280
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	..	3,105	12,046
Total	8,67	69,654	7,20

COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 600 Bales.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 6000 Bales, 100 Bales.

Total Day's Sales of East Indian 150 Bales.

Mid American Spot Universal Standard 13.09 Good demand.

Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis 28.00

New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)—

October	23.46
January	22.95
March	23.18
New York Noon Call—	
October	23.45
January	22.94
March	23.15
New Orleans 9-30 a.m.—	
October	22.92
January	23.02

COTTON.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES:—

Liverpool, Sept. 29.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

September	12.51	—.09
October	12.34	—.9
November	12.18	—.11
December	12.18	—.11
January	12.18	—.9
March	12.19	—.10
May	12.23	—.8
July	12.14	—.9
August	12.03	—.8

EGYPTIAN.

Liverpool, Sept. 29.

January	21.35	—.15

EGYPTIAN COTTON. CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

September	23.30	—.10
October	22.75	—.10
November	22.20	—.10
December	21.75	—.15
January	21.50	—.15
February	21.45	—.10
March	21.45	—.8
April	21.40	—.10
May	21.35	—.10
June	21.30	—.10
July	21.25	—.10
August	21.20	—.10
September	21.10	—.10

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

Cotton Delivery	Mid. Uplands G. O. C
Liverpool—	
September	12.60 —.5
October	12.43 —.9
November	12.29 —.10
December	12.29 —.11
January	12.27 —.10
February	12.26 —.10
March	12.29 —.11
April	12.27 —.12
May	12.31 —.11
June	12.24 —.11
July	12.23 —.11
August	12.11 —.11
September	11.98 —.11

Tone—Easy.

COTTON. ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

Scinde Good	9.75
Scinde Fully Good	10.15
Scinde Fine	10.55
Bengal Good	9.85
Bengal Fully Good	10.25
Bengal Fine	10.65
Oomra Good	10.55
Oomra Fully Good	10.95
Oomra Fine	11.35
Broach Good	10.90
Broach Fully Good	11.30
Broach Fine	11.70

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 28.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports 60000

Day's Exports to Great Britain 4000

Day's Exports to Continent 20,000

Futures at New York—

October	23.46	—.17
January	22.86	—.30
March	23.00	—.40
May	23.26	—.34

Spot Cotton at New York 23.70 —.20

Spot Cotton at New Orleans 23.00—.33

Futures at New Orleans—

October	22.81	—.34
January	22.86	—.36

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 20 3/8

Demand Bills 4.83.93

Silver Commercial Bars Foreign Mined 71 1/4

CLOSING PRICES. AMERICAN COTTON. MARKET.

New York, Sept. 28.

Futures at New York—

October	23.46	+.17
January	22.80	+.38
March	23.00	+.40
May	23.26	+.34

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

Cotton Delivery	Mid. Uplands	G. O. C
Liverpool.—		
October	12.43	—.9
January	12.27	—.10
March	12.29	—.11
May	12.31	—.11

WHEAT.

London, Sept. 28.

Barletta Russo—63½ lbs. September/October sellers 50/6.

Rozario Santa Fe—62½ lbs. September/October sellers 51/6.

Tone:—Dull.

Australian September/October nominal 54.

Choice White Karachi December/January sellers 50.

Soft Red Karachi September/October nominal 54/6.

Tone:—Dull.

SEEDS.

London, Sept. 28.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata)—

S O Sellers £ 19 1/4

O N Paid £ 19 1/4

J/F Buyers £ 18 5/8

Tone—Poor Demand, Very quiet.

Cottonseed Bombay—

S/O Sellers £ 8 7/8—Rather easier.

Castorseed Bombay—

S/O Sellers £ 21 1/8—Inactive cheaper buyers unattractive.

Linseed Bombay S/O nominal £21 1/8

Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton S/O nominal £21 al/4

Rapeseed Toria per ton S/O sellers £21½

Rapeseed, Yellow, Guzerat, per ton S/O Hamburg £ 23.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton S/O Sellers £ 20 7/8

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore S/O £23 1/4

LINSEED.

London, Sept. 28.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags S/O sellers £ 21/2

Tone—Unchanged.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net—

O/D Done and Sellers 39 3/8.

J/A Sellers 39 3/8

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Sept. 28.

Fine White Java C and F Calcutta—

O/D Sellers 14 7 1/2

J/M Sellers 14/10½

Fine White Java C and F Bombay—

J/M Sellers 15/1

Fine White Java C and F Karachi—

J/M Sellers 15/1 3/4

Tone—Dull and Easier.

SHARES.

London, Sept. 28.

Hongkong Bank £135 1/2.

Chartered Bank £19 5/8.

National Bank £46 3/4.

P. and O. Bank £9 7/8.

Eastern Bank £6 1/8.

SHARE MARKET.

Bombay Sept. 26.

LOCAL BANKS.	Paid up Rs.	Last Divid.	Quotatio Rs.	a
Bank of India	50	3	69	12
Baroda	50	4	73	
Central Co-operative	50	7½	56	
Central	25	1½	22	2
Eastern	£5	9 p.c.	26	
Imperial	500		1412	8
Imperial Contributory	125	10	361	4
Union	78	..	3	3
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE COMPANIES				
Bundi Portland Cement Co.	10	..	5	12
Central India Mining	10	4-8y	24	12
Indian Cement O.	350	..	21	2
Kasni Cement O.	100	..	20	
Katni Cement D.	40	..	90	
Punjab Cement O.	10	..	2	
Shivrajpore	10	8—0	46	
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				
Ahmedabad Prantej	500	12 p.c.	800	
Amritsar Pattis	100	10 p.c.	142	
Central Provinces	100	7½ p.c.	113	
Dhond Baramati	100	6 p.c.	83	
Gujerat	100	5 p.c.	80	
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	5 p.c.	80	
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	71	
Madras Bhen	90	5 p.c.	69	
Pacnora Jammer	100	5 p.c.	73	8
Sara Sirajgunj	100	5 p.c.	76	
Sialkot Narowal	100	5 p.c.	93	
Sind Linght	100	6 p.c.	152	8
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	625	8 +D
UpperSind Light	100	4 p.c.	70	
STEAMER COMPANIES.				
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	..	75	
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250	..	185	
Scindia Steam	30	..	6	9
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.				
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	8 p.c.	83	
Andhra Valley O.	1,000	..	470	
Andhra Valley P.	1,000	..	730	
Bombay Tramways O.	50	4	59	6
Bombay Tramways P	50	7 p.c.	59	8
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	30	735	4
Tata HydroElec. P.	1,000	7 p.c.	835	
Karachi Electricity	100	6	92	
Surat Electricity	100	..	57	8
Tata Power O.	1,000	..	317	8
Tata Power P.	1,000	..	480	
PRESS COMPANIES.				
Akbar	500	..	478	
Fort	475	..	200	
Harvey & Sabapathy	500	90-35	1100	
Indian Cotton	125	20	201	4
Manmad Manufacturing	250	..	205	× D
New Beras	500	80	800	
New East India	1,000	..	2500	
New Morissh P.	400	40	680	
New Prince of Wales	500	61	815	
Volkart U. P.	500	50	670	
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES				
Alcock Ashdown	100	..	105	
Belapur Co. Ltd.	78	..	10	
B. Burma T. Corporation Old.	125	7-8	302	8
B Burma T. Corporation New	50	3	80	
Burma Corporation	10	0-6	11	8
Bombay Uganda	50	4-12	40	
British Burma Petroleum	..	..	4	12
Bin Burma Petroleum	8n	8	..	
Indo-Burma Petroleum	100	25	250	
Jost Engineering	50	7-8	75	+ D
Mckenzie	100	30 p.c.	320	
New Union Flour Mills	100	..	30	
Port Canning	1,000	50	620	
Sardar Carbonic Gas	100	..	45	
Tata Iron Pref. 1st	150	6 p.c.	85	
Tata Iron Pref. 2nd	100	..	24	
Tata Iron Defd.	30	..	44	6
Tata Iron and Steel Co. O.	75	..	11	12
Thacker	50	..	150	
Telephone	50	1	30	
INSURANCE COMPANIES				
Empire of India Life	50	22-8	550	
Jupiter	15	..	4	4
New India	25	1-0	12	4
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	723	
Vulcan	10	4 sue	2	
MILLS				
Ahmedabad Advance	100	12	350	
Alliance	100	..	30	
Apollo	50	..	6	4
Assur Virjee	100	..	4	
Bezar Manfg	200	30	300	
Bombay Cotton O.	500	15	305	
Bombay Cotton P	10	8 p.c.	8	
Bombay Dyeing etc	250	80	761-4	+D
Bombay Industrial	100	..	10	
Bombay Woollen	100	..	70	
Broadway	250	10	350	
Broadway P.	250	7 p.c.	200	
Broach Fine Cotton	250	..	30	
Century	100	20y	336	4
Central India O	100	16	450	
Central P	500	8 p.c.	410	
Ceylon	100	..	45	
Colaba Land & Mill	100	7-8y	90	
Coorla	100	7	140	
Crescent	100	6	91	4
Currimbhoy	250	..	310	
Davie	500	..	250	
Dawe	250	40	825	
Damond O.	100	..	11	
Ed D. Sassoon United O	40	..	0 13	6
E.brahimbhoy Pabaney	250	15y	236	4
Edward Sassoon	200	..	120	
Elphinstone O.	100	..	21	4
Emperor Edward	500	..	309	
Fazulbhoy	250	25	782	8
Finlay	100	20	120	
Framjee Petit	1,000	..	540	
Globe	100	..	41	4
Gokak	100	7	96	4 +D
Gold Mohur	100	..	16	
Hindoostan	1,000	100	1037	8
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	10	190	
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	*75	80	0
Indore-Malwa United	100	*22-8	350	
Indian Woollen	50	..	4	
Jamshed O.	250	..	70	
Kastoorchand	500	..	55	
Khandesh	1,000	200	2300	
Khatau Makanjee	100	6	80	
Kilachand	25	..	3	12
Kohinoor	500	..	965	
Lakshmi Cotton	1,000	350	4675	
Madhomo Scindia	100	..	22	8
Madhowji Dharamsi	100	..	83	12
Madras United	250	15	450	
Maneckjee Petit	1,000	100	2240	
Mathuradas	100	..	90	
Meyer Sassoon	500	..	115	
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	60	2260	
Model Mills, Nagpur	250	..	135	
Mysore	50	5	110	
New City of Bombay	100	10	190	
New Great Eastern	200	10y	265	
Osmanshahi (100)	75	..	67	
Pearl	250	12	405	
Phoenix	100	15	410	
Planet	100	..	16	
Premier	100	..	50	
Sassoon Cotton	100	..	23	12
Sassoon Silk	500	..	460	
Sholapur	1,000	1000	9250	
Simplex	250	..	90	
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	..	57	8
Standard	500	100	1225	
Swadeshi	100	18	423	12
Swan	100	50	131	4
Tata Mill O	500	..	57	8
Vishnu Cotton O	500	90	1860	
Vishnu P.	500	35	828	
Western India Spng.	1,000	40	580	

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 28.

Ahmedabad Advances	..	..	..	340
Bombay Cotton	..	..	..	30
Bombay Dyeing	74-8	76-4	72-8	761-4 + D
Century	331-4	337-8	331-4	336-4
Central India	447-8	50	447-8	450
Colaba Land	..	..	..	90
Crescent	..	..	..	191-4
Edward Sassoon	..	..	..	120
Fazulbhoy	771-4	785	771-4	782-8
Finlay	..	..	..	120
Globe	..	..	..	41-4
Gokak	..	..	..	96-4
Indian Bleaching	..	..	..	191
Indore Malwa	350	351-4	347-8	351-4
Kohinoor	..	..	..	965
Madhowjee	..	..	..	83-12
Mathuradas	..	..	..	90
Meyer Sassoon	..	..	..	98-12
Mysore	..	..	..	110
New Great	247-8	256-4	247-8	256-4
Pabaney	..	..	..	235
Pearl	398-12	405	396-4	405
Phoenix	..	..	..	410
Simplex	..	..	..	90
Swadeshi	422-8	423-12	422-8	423-12
Swan Mills	..	..	..	151-4
Tata Mill	..	..	..	57-8
MISCELLANEOUS				
Alcock	..	..	..	195
Bombay Steam	..	..	..	75
Tram Co., Ord.	..	..	..	92-8
Bundi Cement	..	..	..	5-12
Indian Cement	..	..	..	21 4
Central India Mining	..	..	..	21-12
Katni Cement Ord.	..	..	..	20
Shivrajpur	..	..	..	45
Tata Hydro	772-8	772-8	755	756-4
Tata Iron & Steel, Ord.	11-12	12	11-12	12
Tata Iron & Steel, Def	44-6	45	44-6	44 6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept 28.

	Rs	a
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	65	14
3 per cent. Conversion Loan 1931-36	86	14
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47	95	12
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1933	99	15
6 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1945-55	100	
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1925	103	0
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1928	105	8
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1926	101	6
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1927	102	4
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1930	104	4
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1931	104	12
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1932	105	4
5½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) 1935	109	2
5 per cent. Port Trust 1974	75	12
5 per cent. Municipal 1974	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 per cent. Improvement Trust 1974	75	[illegible]
6 per cent. Port Trust 1950	101	0
6 per cent. Municipal 1929-49	101	6
" 1954	102	[illegible]

Tone of Market:—Market steady but quiet

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

RATES FOR BRASS AND COPPER DAILY QUOTATIONS.

BRASS.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass, English	3/4	58	0	0
—Do—	1	58	0	0
—Do—	1 1/4	58	0	0
—Do—	1 1/2	58	0	0
—Do—	1 3/4	58	0	0
—Do—	2	58	0	0
German Brass	3/4 to 2	57	8	0

METALS.

London, Sept. 28.

English Best Selected Copper £64

Standard Copper G. M. B. £61 1/4.

Copper Braziers £79.

Yellow Metal 69.

Hard Spelter 31 3/4.

Corrugated Sheets £16 1/4.

London, Sept. 28.

Tin Block £264 3/4

COPPER.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper, German	3/4	63	4	0
—Do—	1	63	4	0
—Do—	1 1/4	63	4	0
—Do—American	1 1/2	63	8	0
—Do—	1 3/4	63	8	0
—Do—	2	63	8	0
Japanese Copper Bars		62	8	0
Panchieka Joint		28	0	0
Copper English Bars		61	8	0
Brass Bars		41	0	0
Pat Klai		67	8	0
Lead, Country		27	0	0
Koger Brass, Metal 3/4 to 1		56	0	0
—Do—Do— 1 1/4 to 1 1/2, 1 3/4 to 2		56	0	0
German Copper 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 to 2		63	4	0
American Copper 3/4 to 1, 1 1/4		63	8	0
English Copper 3/4 to 2		63	4	0

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

DAILY QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

	Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand	No. 14½	0	12	6
Kilachand	No. 20½	0	13	6
Currimbhoy	No. 12½	0	12	0
Elphinstone	No. 12½	0	11	9
David	No. 10½	0	11	3
Shapurji	No. 10½	0	11	3
Trikamdas	No. 10½	0	11	6
Sattara	No. 10½	0	11	6
Shapurji	No. 6½	0	10	0
Light-house	No. 6½	0	10	0
Japan	No. 40-1	1	5	6
Japan	No. 42-2	1	6	3
Japan	No. 20	0	15	3
Japan	No. 32	1	3	0

(Continued from Col. 6.)

Bar silver 2nd settlement, Rs. 73-8.

London, Sept. 28.

Bar gold ready, s. 84-11 1/2.

Silver ready, d. 33-14.

Silver forward, d. 32-13.

TONE OF SILVER—

Steady. China sold. Buyers scarce. We look on the decline as temporary.

GOLD.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

Ready:—21-4-6.

Vaida Asho—Opening 21-3-9, Lowest 21-3-6, at 6 p.m. 21-3-9.

Vaida Kartak—Opening 21-3-0, Lowest 21-2-9, at 6 p.m. 21-3-0.

Teji Mandi:—

Vaida Asho—Opening .....

Vaida Kartak—Opening 0-2-3.

Tone:—Market quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

Ready:—74-3-0.

Vaida Asho—Opening 73-15-0, Lowest 73-14-0, Highest 74-3-0, at 6 p.m. 73-15-0.

Vaida Kartak—Opening 73-8-0, Lowest 73-6-0, Highest 73-10-0, at 6 p.m. 73-8-0.

Teji Mandi:—

Vaida Asho—Opening 0-6-0.

Vaida Kartak—Opening 1-4-0.

Tone:—Market quiet.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

B. C. RATE—

Bank's selling T T 1/6 1/8.

Bank's selling D D 1/6 5/32.

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T 1/6 5/32.

Bank's selling D D 1/6 3/16.

Bank's buying 3 M/st D A. 1/6 13/32.

Bank's buying T T, 1/6 3/16.

Bank's buying D D, 1/6 7/32.

PARIS—

Bank's selling D D, Frcs 755.

Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 805.

Bank's buying D D Frcs. 790.

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T Rs. 111½.

Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 107½.

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 166½.

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 216.

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D, Rs. 156½.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling D D, Rs. 274.

CROSS RATES—

London—New York Dols 4.84-3/8.

London—Paris Frcs 102.35.

London—Switzerland Frcs 25.10.

London—Brussels Frcs 111.00.

London—Rome Lircs 119.00

London—Berlin Marks 20.35.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—

Exchange Market was steady—dull.

London, Sept. 28.

Tele. Transfers 1/6 3/16 steady.

Bar Gold £ 4/4/11½ steady.

Bar Silver Spot 32 7/8 quiet.

London, Sept. 28.

Rentes 3 per cent. 49 1/2

Bar Silver (Spot) 32 7/8

Bar Silver 2 months hence 32 13/16

Closing Tone of Silver—China sold buyers holding back closed quiet.

Interest day to day loans 3

Interest 7 days market loans 3 3/8

Discount, Bank of England Rate 4½ per cent. since 6th August 1925.

Bars Sold £ 19,000

The Bombay Mails of 12th instant were delivered in London on 28th.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/6 5/32
Bank, Demand	1/6 3/16
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s	1/6 7/16
Fcs. Demand	757
American Dollars	274
Hongkong Dollars	165½
Shanghai	216
Japan	111½
Singapore	156½

Market steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES—MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, Sept. 28.

Stockholm	18.04
Christiania	23.28
Amsterdam	12.05
Switzerland	25.09
Prague	163.56

London, Sept. 28.

Exchange Belgium	110.88
Exchange Athens	332.50
Cuban Sugar Sept. sellers	10/10 1/2

New York, Sept. 28.

Demand Bills 4.83.93

London, Sept. 28.

Exchange on London in Paris 102.45

—Do—in Germany 20.35

—Do— in Italy 119.37

STOCKS, ETC.

London, Sept. 28.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £87 1/4.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent £92 3/4.

War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 £102.

Conversion Loan £76 1/4.

Indian Loan 5½ per cent £102.

Indian Loan 7 per cent £103 1/2.

Consols 2½ per cent 55 1/8.

Rupee Paper 3½ per cent 51.

Indian Stock 3½ per cent (Sterling Loan) 67 5/8.

Government Securities 3 per cent 57 1/2.

DISCOUNTS.

London, Sept. 28.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 3 9/16

Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 3 7/8

Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 4 3/4

Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 1/4

Rentes 5 per cent 17 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

3 Months, 3½ per cent.

6 Months, 3 3/4 per cent.

Bank of England Rate, 4½ per cent.

Money Call, 1 per cent.

Money 1 Month, 1 per cent.

Money 3 Months, 2 per cent.

Money 6 Months, 3½ per cent.

Tone of Money Market:—Easy

Imperial Bank of India Rate, 5 per cent.

BULLION.

Bombay, Sept. 29.

Sovereigns Ready 13/4/6.

Sovereigns Forward 13/4/6.

National Bank Bar Gold 21/7/3.

Central Bank Bar Gold 21/5/0.

Bar gold ready, Rs. 21-3-6.

Bar gold forward, Rs. 21-3-6.

Bar gold 2nd settlement, Rs. 21-3-0.

Bar silver ready, Rs. 74-1-0.

Bar silver 1st settlement, Rs. 73-15.

(Continued in column 5.)

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Ordinary General Meeting of shareholders of New India Assurance Co., Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay, 3 p.m.

THURSDAY, Oct. 1.

Para Wafat: Muslim Holiday: Banks closed.

FRIDAY, Oct. 2.

Mahatma's Jayanti celebration, Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6-15 p.m.

SATURDAY, Oct. 3.

S.S. "Rognak" with English mails, leaves at 1 p.m.

SUNDAY, Oct. 4.

Patidars' address and Garden party to the Hon Mr. Patel at 6-30 p.m. at Congress House.

	Sunrise	Sunset.
Sept. 30 (Wed.)	6h. 29m.	6h. 29m.
Oct. 1 (Thu.)	6h. 29m.	6h. 29m.
Oct. 2 (Fri.)	6h. 29m.	6h. 28m.
Oct. 3 (Sat.)	6h. 29m.	6h. 27m.
Oct. 4 (Sun.)	6h. 30m.	6h. 26m.

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

Mr. Harischandra Jagannath Goregaoker J. P. Father of Mr. K. H. Goregaoker Solicitor, expired yesterday at 7-10 p.m. at the age of 80. Funeral this morning at 10-30 a.m.

Solemn High Mass at Gloria Church:—To-day being the Feast of St. Theresa of the Child Jesus there will be a solemn High Mass at Gloria Church, Byculla at 7-30 a.m. (S.T.)

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per S.S. Hitimana, Via Dhanuskodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Tuesday the 6th proximo instead of 3rd proximo.

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE HOSTEL UNION.—Mr. M. A. Jinnah will deliver a lecture on "Student life" in the Hostel Reading Room to-morrow (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. Mr. M. R. Jaykar will preside.

B. B. & C. I. vs. PARSI GYM.—In our Monday's issue it was incorrectly reported that the B. B. and C. I. Railway had lost their first cricket match with the Parsi Gymkhana. The first match resulted in a win for the railway by 3 wickets.

MAHATMA GANDHI JAYANTI.—Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Swarajya Sabha, there will be a public meeting at the Congress House on Friday next at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) to celebrate the Mahatma Gandhi's Jayanti. Shrimati Sarojini Naidu will preside. After the meeting there will be a Bhajan. Khadi Mela will be held in the compound from 3 to 8 p.m. (S.T.)

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha, there will be a Public meeting at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall on Friday next at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) to celebrate Mahatma Gandhi's Jayanti. Mr. J. J. Vimadalal will preside.

SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS.—The Social Workers' Training Class will be held at the Head Office of the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, to-morrow (Thursday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Prof. M. J. Antia will deliver a lecture on "Social Evils", and Mr. F. Weber on "Play Grounds and Recreation".

TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME.—A programme of Indian Music by Mr. F. D. Shroff of the Parsee Music Institute, arranged by Mr. A. Fazalbhoy will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to-day (Wednesday) from 7-00 p.m. to 8-0 p.m. Call Sign 2 F. V. Wavelength 387 Metres.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY RADIO CLUB.—The following is the programme of Dance Music for to-morrow (Thursday) One Step Follow Yvette, Fox Trot when my sugar walks down the street, Fox Trot Kashmiri, Waltz Listening, Fox Tort My Kid, Fox Trot Nobody knows what a red headed Mamma can do, Waltz Love's Dream, Fox trot Leander, Fox Trot Dublinola, One Step Have you seen my gal.

TEXTILE STUDENTS' DUSSERA GATHERING.—On Sunday last a Dussera Gathering of the students of the Textile Technical School of the Social Service League at the Working Men's Institute, Parel was held Mr. N. M. Joshi presiding. One of the students addressed the gathering welcoming the visitors and Mr. A. W. Phanse, one of the life-workers of the League, explained the object of the League in starting the school. The students were then addressed a few words of advice by Mr. Joshi. Distribution of pan, attar and flowers brought the pleasant function to a close.

DR. ANNIE BESANT BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION.—A public meeting will be held to celebrate the 79th Birthday of Dr. Annie Besant on Thursday, the 1st of October next at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road, when there will be short speeches in English and Vernaculars by Mr. M.R. Jaykar, Mrs. Hansa Jivraj Mehta, Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas followed by music and songs. Mr. J. J. Vimadalal will preside. All are cordially invited to attend.

LATE ARCHBISHOP-BISHOP OF DAMAUN.—At a preliminary meeting held at the Dabul School it was resolved to hold a public meeting, at the premises of Antonio de Souza School, Gloria Church, Byculla, on Sunday next, at 5-30 p.m., to placed on record the long and meritorious services rendered by His Grace the Archbishop-Bishop of Damaun, the late Dom Sebastino Jose Pereira. Pursuant to this resolution Catholics of the Diocese of Damaun are requested to be present to pay a fitting tribute to the memory of the late Archbishop. All other Catholics are invited to attend.

CHESS TOURNAMENT IN BOMBAY.—The Beaman Bombay Chess Club intends to hold a Chess tournament in Bombay, starting in the 2nd week of November. It is open to all chess players. The prizes will be: Rs. 40 first prize; Rs. 30 second; Rs. 30 third; Rs. 10 fourth. The entrance fee is Rs. 7. Intending competitors are requested to send in their names, with the entrance fee to the Secretary on or before the 25th October. Particulars could be had from Mr. M. D. Bilimoria, Hon. Secretary, Bombay Chess club, 76 Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

GOA FLOOD RELIEF FUND.—The report of the Goa Flood Relief Fund, which was raised by the Goa Hindu Community in Bombay, to help the flood-stricken people of Goa in the year 1923, is just published by the committee, appointed for the purpose of managing the affairs of the fund. A copy of the report is being sent to each one of the contributors, whose addresses are available. The contributors, who do not receive a copy of the report by the end of this month, can write to Mr. V. P. Kamat, Jt. Hon. Secretary The Goa Flood Relief Fund, Tribhuvan Rd., Girgaum.

DASSARA GATHERING.—The Dassara Gathering of the Hindoo Backward Classes was held on the 27th instant in the evening at Parbhadevi under the Presidentship of Mr. S. K. Bole. An interesting programme of wrestling matches, Bandpatta and other gymnastic feats was successfully gone through and Mr. G. J. Borker and the President made suitable speeches on the occasion dealing with the necessity and importance of physical exercise as well as the importance of the Dassara holiday in the historic and pre-historic days. After the distribution of flowers and Pan the proceedings terminated.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.—Nominations are invited duly proposed and seconded the members of the Girgaum District Congress Committee for 10 seats on the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from the Girgaum Ward for the ensuing year. The nominee must be a member of this Congress Committee. Nominations will be accepted in the Congress Committee office daily from 8 to 10 a.m. and from 4-30 to 8 p.m. (both (S.T.) upto 7th Oct. 1925 excepting Thursday.

Membership roll will be closed for enrollment on the 7th Oct. 1925 after 8 p.m. (S.T.) In case of contest the election will take place at the Congress House, No. 223 Girgaum Back Road on 11th Oct. 1925 from 2 to 8 p.m. (S.T.)

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS AND CONGRESS COMMITTEE.—The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has decided to contest the ensuing Elections for the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay in co-operation with the Bombay Nationalist Municipal Party under the joint ticket and under the name of the National Congress Municipal Party. Out of the total of 76 seats 38 have already been allocated by the Nationalist Municipal Party.

Applications are invited for candidates intending to join the National Congress Municipal Party as candidates for the ensuing Elections. All particulars as regards rules, regulations and declaration, form etc. can be had (upto 30th Sept.) from the Secretaries, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Congress House, 223, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay, 4 on any day between 8-30 a.m. and 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Bombay, Sept. 29.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68-13.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1921-28 Rs. 88-12

5 per cent War Loan due 1929 47, Rs. 95-12.

5 per cent Loan due 1935, Rs. 96.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933, Rs. 99-15.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55, Rs. 99-14.

5½ per cent War Bonds (Tax Free), due 1938, Rs. 105-9.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926, Rs. 101-6-0

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927, Rs. 102-3.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930, Rs. 104-4.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931, Rs. 104.11.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 105-4.

6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935, Rs. 109.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974, Rs. 75-8.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974, Rs. 75.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954, Rs. 101-14.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974, Rs. 75.

6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49, Rs. 100-8.

Tone of Market:—Quiet with more sellers.

ALLEGED ASSAULT AND INSULT.

FURTHER HEARING.

The case in which Dr. Meherji B Master charged (1) Bagot, (2) Morini and (3) Albuquerque all of sea "Jehangir," a pilgrims' ship with assault and insult came up before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate on Monday afternoon for further hearing.

Mr. K. F. Nariman appeared for the complainant and Mr. Baker, Solicitor, defended the accused.

The facts of the case are already reported in these columns.

Mr. Baker in reply to the Court stated the place where the incident occurred was under dispute between the Kings of Hedjaz and the Wahebis. It was under blockade.

Mr. K. F. Nariman submitted that ports under Persian Gulf were governed by the Indian Penal Code under Government of India resolutions.

His Worship said he had gone through the legal points involved and found that he had no jurisdiction under the Indian Penal Code or Criminal Procedure Code against a foreigner as the incident had occurred in a foreign port. There were however two statutes that empowered him with jurisdiction over a foreigner, viz:—Admiralty Offences Colonial Act and Merchants' Shipping Act. The latter referred to the jurisdiction given to the Court on the high seas but as the foreign port was not high seas, he thought the section 686 which gave him the jurisdiction failed. In regard to the Colonial Act His Worship said it gave him power within one Marine League of the Admiralty jurisdiction but as the port when the incident occurred was not within that limit, he thought, he had no jurisdiction over a foreigner and he therefore discharged the third accused who was a Portuguese subject and as such a foreigner.

The case against the first and second accused was then proceeded with.

Mr. Nariman then applied to examine Mr. Mohmed Shafi, an M.L.C. of Punjab on commission as he was an eye-witness. Mr Nariman said, he tried to call Mr. Mohmed Shafi here but he said it was very inconvenient for him to come to Bombay.

Mr. Baker said from a letter Mr. Mohmed Shafi had written to the Steamship Company concerned, he thought, he was a material witness and it would be better if he was produced in Court.

His Worship said as he was the only important witness in the case it would be better if the complainant called this witness.

Mr. Nariman replied that his client was poor and not able to bear the expense.

His Worship asked Mr. Baker if the steamship company would not in the interests of truth and justice call Mr. Mohmed Shafi as a witness.

Mr. Baker said the case was groundless though he admitted there was some fight on the ship. He refused to call Mr. Mohmed Shafi as a witness.

"COMPLAINT FROM HAJIS."

The complainant was then examined by Mr. Nariman. He said his relations on board the ship with the accused including the Master were not cordial as he insisted on his rights to sit on the dining table according to his rank. The accused was put below his juniors. On the 20th of May he received complaints from several Hajis that they were not supplied with water and food. When he drew the attention of the Captain, he told the complaint to mind his own business. On the 1st June the Hajis complained regarding some dirt which was giving bad smell. The complainant drew the Captain's attention and he replied the dirt was accumulated by the Hajis themselves and they should suffer for it. On the 22nd July complainant was talking with Mr. Mohmed Shafi when he saw a Haji crying. After two minutes he again saw the Haji crying. When complainant went to the Haji's assistance, he collided accidentally with Albuquerque. When Albuquerque was arguing with the complainant, the complainant, the first and second accused came and abused and pushed him.

Replying to the Court witness said Mr. Mohmed Shafi saw a part of the scuffle.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baker witness said he did not know that there was order of precedence in regard to the dining table in the Marine Manual but he was informed by other doctors that he had a right to sit over a certain chair. It was his duty he thought, as a medical man to look to the Hajis' welfare. It was not true that he refused to go to the Captain when ordered to go to him.

Dr. Jamshed Merwanji Kotwal, M.B.B.S. a junior medical officer of s.s. "Jehangir" then was called and narrated the incident as he saw it. Witness said soon after the scuffle he created the complainant and submitted his medical certificate to the Captain the same day.

His Worship postponed the case and issued commission to examine Mr. Mohmed Shafi.

PROSECUTION UNDER GAMBLING ACT.

Kassum Mohmed, Hasanali Mohmed and Din Mohmed were placed before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar at the Esplanade Police Court on Monday under the Gambling Act.

Mr. H. B. Spencer, who prosecuted stated that the accused Kassum was the manager of the Gem Printing Press which was situated at Carnac House on Phatakwadi Road. He had also hired a room on the first floor of the building where, it was alleged, the gaming was going on.

The case against each of the accused was tried separately and that against Kassum was taken up first.

Inspector Wagle in giving evidence said that he had received orders to keep special watch on race days with a view to detect bucket shops and gaming houses. According he posted men at various spots in his section. On Wednesday last to plain clothes constable brought information about a bucket shop said to have been run in Carnac House. A warrant for raid was obtained on Friday. On the following day witness sent a man called Ladu Anand with a five rupee note initialled by him (witness) with instructions to stake the amount at the alleged gaming house on two horses the names of which were written on a piece of paper. Ladu returned and reported that he had done as directed. Immediately witness, Deputy Inspectors Long and Dere raided the place. They saw the accused in the press down stairs and when he caught sight of them, he made a signal, they heard the ringing of a bell. In order to execute the warrant and to prevent the destruction of documentary and other evidence they hurried upstairs and found in a room there the second and the third accused. The marked notes together with other currency notes and coins were found in the trousers pocket of the accused Hassanali. There were on the table race cards and pieces of paper with names of horses written on them. While they were in the room nine persons came there with money and names of horses. The accused Kassum who was downstairs was brought upstairs and a race card, some money and pieces of paper containing names of horses were found in his pocket. The nine men who came to bet were prosecution witnesses.

Mr. Solomon for the accused contended that the warrant was defective as it did not specify the number of the room to be raided and merely stated: "Gem Printing Works." The press was downstairs while there were many rooms on the first floor. The warrant was therefore defective.

His Worship remarked that that contention depended on the fact of the existence of several rooms which had to be proved.

The case stands adjourned.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION;

CASE AGAINST "ITEHAD" EDITOR.

The case, in which Mr. Mirza Hasham Ispahani had charged Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, editor and publisher of a weekly newspaper of Bombay, called "Itehad," with defamation of character and abetment, again came up at the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday. It was however postponed on the application of the complainant's pleader.

The complainant, who is a merchant, residing at Warden Road and holding the office of Nazim-ut-Tujjar, stated in his information that on September 2, 1925, he filed a complaint before the Sixth Presidency Magistrate of Bombay accusing a person, called Syed Ebrahim Busheri of defamation of character. The complaint was published in several papers including the "Itehad" in its issue of September 6, 1925. The report was in Urdu and was published under a caption, which when translated into English, the complainant alleged, read: "Evil-doer and Infidel—Mr. Ispahani's complaint in Court—Sits with friends and makes his wife drink with them." The heading, the complainant contended, was highly defamatory and calculated to lower him in the public estimation. The defamation, he said was direct and pointed and the heading was printed in bold type in a prominent part of the paper.

The complainant added that the accused had recently made defamatory attacks upon him in his newspapers in connection with certain letters, which he (the complainant) had addressed to the "Times of India" advocating the abolition of the cow-sacrifice and deprecating the danger of allowing Hajis to proceed to Mecca, owing to the unsettled conditions prevalent there, thanks to the Wahabi war. Reserving his right to proceed against the writer, publisher and others concerned in the dissemination of the news contained in the heading, in question, the complainant prayed that the accused might be dealt with according to law. He asked for a search warrant for the seizure of the original manuscript at the Khilafat Press, Bombay, or in the alternative for a summons on the accused for the immediate production of the manuscript in question.

Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, sanctioned the latter of the prayers.

Subsequently, a representative of the accused produced the issue of the paper, in question, but no manuscript.

Mr. Philip Godinho, pleader for the complainant, applied to-day for time to get some documents translated officially. The case was postponed to October 28.

ALLEGED CHEATING BY CLERK.

Shrilal Shastri a solicitor's clerk who was accused of theft in a building, cheating etc., in respect of Rs. 2,000 belonging to his master, was remanded into police custody on Tuesday by Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay.

It was alleged by Sub-Inspector Salatkar, who put up the accused, that Rao Bahadur Soondersdas, a solicitor, noticed on Thursday last that some blank cheques were missing from his cheque book and on inquiries at the Bank of Baroda learnt that somebody had presented a cheque for Rs. 2,000 in favour of "Shankar Vasee" and had received the amount. The complainant discovered the signature on the cheque to be a forgery and complained to the police who arrested the accused, as he was in sole charge of the cheque books in the complainant's office and, it was further alleged, that the writing of the accused was identical with the writing on the cheque in question.

The accused was remanded into police custody till October 9.

POONA RACES.

AUTUMN MEETING FIRST DAY.

HORSES LEFT-IN.

THE CURRAGH PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Penetrate 9-5, Wilmington 9-2, Jovial 9-1, Motu Proprio 9-0, Bell's Life 8-8, New Style 8-7, Dollarina 8-3, Ojira 8-2, Longleat 8-0, Shingled 7-10, Bonnie Lad 7-10, Island Lord 7-5.

THE DULLINGHAM HANDICAP. Distance 1½ Miles.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class III and IV.

Musk Rat 9-0, Dickybird 8-13, Blink Boy 8-10, Bannie Lad 8-6, Desert Gold 8-4, Floral Fete 8-4, Gaybrook 8-1, Allensmore 7-10, Expectant 7-6, Zara 7-6

THE BRIGHTON HANDICAP. Distance 1 Mile.

Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 1,500, third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses 3 years old only.

Free and Easy 9-13, Rapidity 9-7, Domestic Bond 7-12, New Style 7-10, Poet's Dream 7, Gaybrook 6-9.

THE NEWBURY PLATE. Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 7,500; second Rs. 2,500, third Rs. 1,250. A Handicap for Horses in Classes I and II which have not won a flat race.

Switchin 9, Solo Bridge 8-13, The Monk 8-12, Wasp 8-10, Night Watchman 8-8, Tight Jester 8-7, Krishnakumar 8-6, Foreman 8-4, Miss Evans 8-1, Lemonds Hills 7-9, Discobolus 7-6, Danzig, 7-4.

THE ALANDI PLATE. Distance 1 Mile.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 1,500, third Rs. 750. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II which have not won a flat race.

Meylah 9-10, Hatchet 9-4, Hazal 8-13, Peach Bitter 8-10, Alder 8-5, Hazim 8-4, Hamiar 7-11, Squire 7-10, Zoolfakar 7-8, Cossack 7-8, Dirrah 7-8, Stubbs 7-4, Kitchener 7-2, Laxmi Prasad II 7-0, Kadir Hajaz 6-12, Wadi 6-11, Amanra 6-11, Rex 6-8.

THE BAHREIN PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III.

Division I.

Solomon's Song 9-2, Makdam 9-1 Vitel 8-10, Nizamuddin 8-10, Mostrah 8-9, Little Joker 8-9, Fanner 8-6, Mooheriz 8-5, Faisal 8-5, Mighty 8-5, Durbar 8-4, Amood 8-3, Nashat Beg 8-3, Wanderer 8-3, Parrinshope 7-13, Hawa 7-13, Victory 7-13, Shabir 7-13, Candidate 7-13, Bounty 7-13, Netak 7-13, Adonis 7-13, Bruce 7-13, Hajian 7-13, Red Lips 7-13, Nakilson 7-9, Annis 7-9, Hashash 7-9, My Moon 7-1.

THE BAHREIN PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III.

Division II.

Ziab 9-3, Tripoli 9-3, Tamaran 8-13, Dawood 8-13, Sea Spray 8-12, Jaffer 8-11, Razeet 8-10, Pride 8-9, Hurchan 8-9, Macdonald 8-9, Denmark 8-4, Andhra Valley 8-3, Silver King 8-3, Mihris 8-3, Georjee 8-3, Grey Fox 8-0, Silver Cup 8-0, Tiger King 7-13, Blackberry 7-13, Simmah 7-13, Weldo 7-13, British India 7-13, Radium 7-13, Zobeir 7-13, Inspector 7-9, Ravi 7-9, Gello Key 7-9, Bucknell 7-9, Arabian Star 7-4.

THE BAHREIN PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III.

Division III.

Young Takreet 9-3, Gatia 9-2, Rummah 8-2, Sanderson 8-13, Yildiz 8-12, Favez 8-10, Yadghar 8-10, Mockif 8-10, Peninsula 8-10, Arab Prince 8-9, Creamrose 8-9, Aftab 8-9, Ferozeshah 8-9, Witness 8-6, Zirgam 8-5, Zulu 8-5, Gunge 8-4, Agab 8-4, Wahab 8-3, Mayfly 7-13, Misfir 7-13, Suffah 7-13, Mootak 7-13, David 7-11, Siberia 7-9, Lahistan 7-9, Makesure 7-0, Tawfik 8-6.

TWO PARSIS UNDER ARREST.

The Bombay City Police has arrested a Parsi named Rustom Hormusji Patel in connection with the case in which Rustom Byramji Sidhwa stands accused of obtaining money on false pretences.

On Thursday last one Siddhwa was alleged to have sent a note to a tea shop-keeper at Princess Street named Ardeshir Hamawai Irani, asking for Rs. 125. It was further alleged that in that note he forged the signature of another person and thereby cheated the complainant, into sending the amount. The person who the complainant was made to believe had signed the note denied all knowledge of it, whereupon the complainant reported the matter to the police. The police arrested Siddhwa two or three days ago and had him remanded into police custody till October 5. In the course of their inquiries the Police arrested last night another Parsi named Patel whom they placed at the Esplanade Police Court on Tuesday, on an application for remand till October 5, which was granted by Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay.

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ROVERS TOURNAMENT.

NORTH STAFFORDS BEAT R. A. KIRKEE.

The North Staffords were too good for the R. A. Kirkee whom they beat on Tuesday by two goals to nil. The score is no true index of the play as the North Staffords were in a class by themselves and the wonder is how they did not win by a bigger margin. The luck seemed to be all with the Artillerymen in the initial period for though their opponents maintained a heavy pressure, something would always happen to avert a goal. In the second half the North Staffords obtained a penalty and Dennis made no mistake with his kick. A little later Manly wonked the ball into position and passed to Dennis, who, in turn drawing the defence, transferred to Steele who found the corner of the net with a steady drive. The Staffords continued on the offensive and Lesse hit the cross-bar. Dennis almost got through, but his shot hit the upright. Miller and Manley were a pair of fine wingers, their centres coming in hard and true. Full time found the North Staffords pressing.

North Staffords:—Clark; Buttery and Duffatt; Grocott, Cox and Bavill; Manly, Dennis, Lesse, Steele and Miller.

R. A. Kirkee:—Brown; Nash and Lawrence; Smith, Saddler and O'Connor; Leek, Parr, Donnelly, Bright and Larrett.

—Referee:—Mr. W. H. Cummings.

TO-DAY'S MATCH.

First Semi-Final:—Middlesex vs. West Kents.

LESLIE RUNNING CUP.

K. S. L. I. vs. North Staffords. (Semi-Final.)

FOOTBALL MATCHES.

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The following are the results of the principal matches played in Rugby Union today:—

Pill Harriers 6, Abertillery 9.
Hawick 0, Glasgow High School 3.
Pontypool 7, Newport 6.
Watsonians 22, Hillheadians 0.

In football League, Third Division Northern section), to-day Barrow beat Wilson by one goal to nil.

In Scottish League, Aberdeen lost to St. Mirren by two goals to one.

In the semi-final round of the Glasgow Cup, Celtic drew with Rangers, score being no goals all, and Queens Park drew with Clydebank each side scoring one goal—Reuter.

GHATKOPAR GANG CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANDRA, Sept. 29.

The trial of the men alleged to have been members of the gang, known as the "Ghatkopar Gang commenced yesterday before Mr. R. R. Sane, Additional Sessions Judge, Thana.

Nothing fresh occurred. The opening proceedings were of a formal nature and a repetition of a thrice told tale.

ALLEGED MURDER AT KHAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANDRA, Sept. 29.

From enquiry into the allegations made in connection with the death of a Bhaiya boy at Khar which it is alleged, was the result of a cold-blooded murder, it has been ascertained that the medical evidence in the case goes to show that death was due to natural causes, and that although the police have registered the case under the heading "murder," yet they are unable to do anything in the matter on this basis in face of the medical testimony coming from such high medical authority as Capt. DeSilva of the Bandra Government Hospital. However, as the alleged murder has been given full publicity the matter it is understood is engaging the attention of Govern-

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ANSWER TO CORRESPONDENT.

Fair play—You have not signed your letter.

The Bombay Chronicle.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1925.

THE UPPER CHAMBER.

Syed Raza Ali has entered the lists as a chivalrous defender of the anaemic Chamber which he has adorned all these years. We agree with him that the criticisms against the Council of State have been "fantastic" because the importance of an inane appendage of the Executive Government has been exaggerated out of all proportions to its intrinsic worth. But his championship is not less so. Since Mr. Raza Ali imagines that he can disarm all opposition by raising the fundamental problem of the purpose of a second chamber in India, let us clear his misapprehension on this principal issue. "It is generally realised", he boldly asserts, "that in the present state of our political development, a second chamber is indispensable." This reminds us of the flourish of another ex-Councillor who in the "Servant of India" informs an expectant world, that he cannot lend any countenance to a movement for the abolition of the second chamber. That is very discouraging and the incipient movement may be nipped in the bud for lack of Mr. Sastri's august support. Nevertheless we beg to challenge the utility of a second chamber precisely at the present stage of India's constitutional evolution. For the oft-repeated plea about the need of a brake on hasty legislation is peculiarly inappropriate in a political system where the Legislative Assembly is powerless and the executive is irremovable and popularly irresponsible. The Congress-League Scheme, in fact, did not contemplate it; when Mr. Montagu created a brand-new house of peers shorn of all their hereditary virtues save obscurantism, the Liberal leaders in a memorandum opposed the proposal while the Moderates' Conference suggested that no authority should be vested in the Council for the initiation of laws restricting personal liberty. What did that show except a wholesome apprehension about the possibilities of exploiting the Council for anti-national purposes?

But any plan in which the second chamber is intended as a corrective to the lower one is certain to come to grief. For it is preposterous as well as impossible to set up an Assembly which represents the nation on a wide franchise and to create a Council on an undemocratic and narrow franchise to check and defeat its policy. The only consequences will be confusion and strife which have anything but a steadying effect. Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in one of his earlier works advanced an ingenious dilemma to refute the argument of check on precipitate legislation. If the upper house be reactionary, he observed, it will not check the excesses and follies of reaction; if it is democratic, it will not check the excesses and follies of democracy. But the danger inherent in such a chamber acting as a check is very real since it is capable of strangulating public opinion of a normally calm character. The resistance of the British House of Lords to imperative reforms such as Irish home rule or land taxation had brought England to the verge of a revolution; and if the Executive in this country were responsible and popular will were potent, the successive betrayals of the popular causes by the Council of State would have compelled public opinion to attain revolutionary intensity in order to be effective. What we need, indeed, is not a check upon the deliberate will of the people such as the Council has successfully been. In reality, the advocates of a second chamber vaguely aim at some means of securing that the popular decision should be a considered and well-expressed one while all that they achieve is a method of frustrating the popular will through the veto of a section and of a cumbersome constitutional machinery. Here we come up against the real difficulty of constituting an upper chamber. As Mr. Raza Ali, the most advocates of a second chamber, has no definite idea as regards its purpose, he fails to discover how we are likely to get a chamber that will give us all we ask of it. His search for the elements out of which to compose it is entertaining. "If you convert it (the Council) into a popular body the justification for its existence will have gone," he remarks. "A second chamber as democratic as the first is but a duplicate." In plain words, he wants the Council to be composed of certain interests so as to be able to protect them against an impetuous democracy and resist or obstruct or delay popular will. The fact is that this search for a principle of composition and function is the result of a distrust of democracy or else there is no reason why the Council could not be justified as a "popular body". Mr. Raza Ali feels that if the Council is not differently constituted it will be superfluous; we may retort that if it is, it will be, as it has been, mischievous. We do not say that an Assembly would be infallible but we refuse to believe that persons simply by virtue of paying thousands of rupees of income tax or land revenue or tribute can become so righteous or experienced as to be entitled to the superior privilege of overriding popular will. Indeed, it is precisely because the Council is not a "popular body", *pace* Mr. Raza Ali, that it has been discordant with popular wishes. For it has become not a revising chamber but a seat of power of the Government and an antidote to the elected majority in the Assembly; it acts not as a check but as an official Opposition in relation to the lower house. Hence the differences which have arisen between the two Chambers have had relation not so much to the matter in dispute as to the ultimate struggle between an irresponsible Executive and the duly elected representatives of the Indian people. What this body devised as a check has really hindered is the development of a rudimentary constitutional struggle.

If Mr. Raza Ali finds nothing to be ashamed of in the ignoble record of the Council's first tenure all we can say is that his notions of national honour come up to the standards prescribed by Lord Reading when he bade farewell to the Council members in terms of more than obituary veneration. The Executive has consistently and successfully manipulated the Council against the progressive measures and modest aspirations of the Assembly. From the restoration of the enhanced salt-tax to the rejection of the Nationalist joint amendment on the reforms, the Council has not stood for the public cause on any vital issue; even on simple issues of self-respect and justice it has failed the country. After deep research of the files of the Council proceedings, Mr. Raza Ali has discovered that "no less than six defeats" were inflicted on the Government in the course of three years! It is not a terrific number considering that the Assembly scores so many victories per week. What is pertinent, however, is not the number of defeats, meagre as it is, but the importance of the issues involved, the number of questions on which public opinion has been flouted and the ante-diluvian temper of the debates. Mr. Raza Ali cites the instance of the abolition of the repressive laws without mentioning the Council's support to the Criminal Law Amendment Act 1908, the Bengal Ordinance, its annihilation of Mr. Patel's measures and Mr. Rangachariar's fire-arms bill; he refers to fiscal autonomy without mentioning that the resolution on it was defeated in the very first session of the reformed legislature when the bureaucrats were loud in their protestations of "co-operation". According to Mr. Raza Ali the fault lies not so much in the constitution of the Chamber as in the apathy of the elected members. But it is the constitution which through a restricted franchise has secured safe seats for capitalists and Zamindars, Nawabs and Rajas many of whom consider the Council less as a deliberative body than as a diversion and a display; absentee landlords become absentee legislators. The Council of State, in fine, has no *raison d'etre*. It is not a growth like a hereditary chamber, it is not an estate of the realm like an elected assembly, and in its present state it is both a sham and a danger. Its immediate disappearance is desirable as much in the interest of national efficiency as of political morality.

ART TENDENCIES.

We have been familiar with the bold brilliance with which Captain Gladstone Solomon has, time and again, described the infinite possibilities of Indian art. His speech at the Naini Tal Art Society indicates another feature, a feature that adds force to his statements. The restraint, apparent in the speech, suggests the developing recognition of the far-reaching consequences and the stern responsibilities of the task, more or less self-imposed, which may, in the present conditions, easily become overwhelming. Belief in an age devoid of visions and empty of enthusiasms is hard of attainment. And, belief in Indian art, if it is being made increasingly common, should now cease to remain an intellectual consolation and be directed to wide-spread, if imperfect, achievement. Capt. Gladstone Solomon has, therefore, done well to point out the difficulties of the task, the lack of adequate facilities of study, the discouraging conditions and atmosphere which the believer has to face almost at the first contact with realities. It is at this stage that the believer, if he is unconscious of the magnitude of his task, succumbs to the danger of inflexible attitudes and doctrines. Capt. Gladstone Solomon is, fortunately, safe from the danger. He recognises the responsibility of his task. He would, therefore, disapprove if Bombay became exclusive in its ideas. He would welcome the influx of fresh ideas and fresh discoveries in the domain of Indian art. He is, rightly, impatient of the water-tight compartments, the barriers, which divide the art activities of one province in the country from those of the other. Buildings, truly Indian and truly popular, have not, for instance, yet offered the chance to the advanced students in the provinces, who should be "encouraged rather than taught to apply that wonderful talent for the decoration of the wall spaces which is the unique possession of the Indian artist." Capt. Gladstone Solomon concludes his speech with a plea for tolerance and open-mindedness. He feels that to be the crucial point for Indian artists to grasp in the present period of revival. If that point is lost, it will be "through inaction rather than through action and by the exclusion of new ideas rather than by the absorption and conversion of them to essentially Indian conceptions." If belief in the vitality of Indian art is to be translated into well-considered action, tolerance and open-mindedness will certainly be its essential conditions. We hope the new Art Society of Naini Tal will soon begin to exercise its healthy influence over similar institutions in the other provinces. And we also hope it will keep its activities amenable to exchange of ideas with and suggestions from these institutions. We accept Sir William Marris' speech at the Lucknow Exhibition as a guarantee of the Society's attitude. And, we, therefore, wish it every success.

Notes of the Day.

Not to late.

Mr. Sastri has deprecated in the "Servant of India" any idea of resignation of M. L. A.'s. We feel, on the other hand, that if the Assembly re-elections had been held almost simultaneously with the Council of State's general election, it would have helped Swarajist penetration into the dull atmosphere of the Council. While in Madras, the Swaraj Party are contesting all the seats, in Bombay the Party has been strangely somnolent. Bombay has the right of returning six members, three from non-Mahomedan constituencies, one each from the Mahomedan electorate, Sind Muslims and the European Chamber of Commerce. So far the Swarajists had not put up candidates, but we are glad that Mr. Chitale has at last announced his candidature on behalf of the Swaraj Party. The Council has five years' life and those who go must be sturdy and independent men who should endeavour to introduce into the Chamber the more vigorous currents of nationalism. Mr. Ramdas, the solitary Swarajist in the Council, succeeded in disturbing to some extent its complacence and docility and we trust the advent of bolder nationalists will at least introduce some element of reality in the debates. It is not even now too late for the Swarajists to put up candidates if only for the sake of propaganda and education. If Manekji Dadabhai's cannot be completely isolated, they can at any rate be continuously unmasked by a small and energetic body of nationalists.

Bread "Riots" in Teheran.

Mr. G. K. Nariman writes:—"Reuter and its ilk are doubtless making merry over the riots and the bloodshed and possibly the massacres all happening in Teheran. With only slight exaggeration we can compare the trouble there to the trouble that happened the same day in Bombay, where a policeman, having a shivering bout of malaria and being refused his overcoat ran amok and produced a temporary panic in the Police court. The fact which is really unfortunate is that there is a serious shortage of water in Teheran and of wheat supplies to the capital. And I had duly warned people of possible sensational cablings about wheat and water famine in the capital, since supplies for the capital from far off Hamadan, which is not connected by railway, were contemplated. But in the first place the difficulty is petty, and the solution is near at hand. Dr. Millspaugh, who went to America to bespeak the commercial sympathy of the magnates there, has returned with a more or less successful errand and America is bound to sink some of its surplus wealth in advancing Persia. The situation at Teheran has been magnified owing to certain mischievous elements that have entered the Majliss against the Premier's will and whose ulterior objects have been foreshadowed in the chimerical military expeditions of which I have already spoken. Although, as I have stated, there is a certain amount of shortage of wheat supply this year, the situation has been deftly manipulated by malcontents and is the perfect replica of what happened more than once within recent memory. Mr. Morgan Shuster described one such incident in 1910 when there were similar bread riots; "and a ring was formed by a number of reactionary grandees for the twofold purposes of enriching themselves and embarrassing the constitutional Government." Last year it was religion which was sought to be exploited for a serious disturbance in Persia. Exactly about the same time this year the enemies of Persia, availing themselves of scarcity, have aimed at shaking the Government by law established in Iran."

Bombay Port Trust.

The Trustees of the Bombay Port Trust continue carrying on their work behind the *purdah*. Since we commenced publishing reports of the proceedings of their meetings, our contemporaries have been favoured with an official summary of their confabulations. But the Press reporter is still barred from attending the meetings of the Trustees. That is not, however, the only proof of the antediluvian manner in which the Trustees discharge their trust. We learn from the resolution moved by Mr Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee moved at yesterday's meeting that the communications addressed to the Chairman and Trustees are not circulated among the latter. This is an eloquent testimony to the sense of responsibility that the Trustees evince in their work. As Mr. Tairsee said, the practice, the adoption of which he suggested, is followed by the Corporation and the Standing Committee. In fact it should be followed by every responsible public body. But the Port Trust, dominated as it is by a non-Indian majority, is anything but responsible, much less responsive, to Indian public opinion. The rejection of Mr. Tairsee's resolution by a body constituted as the Port Trust is was not surprising. What is amazing, however, is the opposition to it by Sir Purshottamdas Thakoredas and other Indian members except Messrs. Phiroze Sethna and Matani.

A Welcome Decision.

Thanks to the efforts of Mr. Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee, the Trustees of the Bombay Port Trust have reversed the practice hitherto followed by them of forfeiting the Provident Fund contributions of employees dismissed from the service. The practice was unjust and iniquitous and in past years though some members of the Trust regarded it as such no serious attempt was made to abandon it. We are glad the Chairman of the Trust has lost no time in giving effect to the recent decision of the Board. At yesterday's meeting, on his proposal, the Board decided that two employees who have just been dismissed from service should be allowed to draw the full amount standing to their credit.

"Promoting Swadeshi."

We announced the other day that two distinguished Indian ladies had offered, through Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, scholarships to enable Indians to proceed to foreign countries to learn how *crepe de Chine* and similar varieties of fabrics are produced so that they may, on their return, manufacture such fabrics in India. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu has received letters from numerous individuals regarding these scholarships and she asks us to state that the details of the scheme are being settled and will, in due course, be published in "The Chronicle" and applications for the scholarships invited through advertisement in the Press.

A New Ayurvedic School.

The Shri Krishna Ayurvedic Institution of Bombay is, we are glad to know, making satisfactory progress. It was started in 1921 by Mr. Purushottam Waman Panse, trained under the famous Ayurvedic physician of Poona, the late Mr. Balshastri Lavgankar. At present there are, we understand, thirty students in the school, and the school is affiliated to the Vidyapith of Shrimat Shankaracharya at Nasik. We also understand that at the last final examination for the degree of "Ayurveda Ratna" five students of the school were successful. Mr. Panse's zeal for Ayurveda is commendable. He started his school entirely at his own expense and did useful work during the influenza epidemics. We congratulate him upon the progress his school has made against great financial odds and trust that the public of Bombay will enable him to develop the institution.

NATIONAL EDUCATION

HAS IT FAILED?

(BY A. T. GIDVANI.)

A friend put into my hands the other day a cutting from a local daily with the double column heading "National Education, Why It Failed?" The writer excludes the Gujerat Vidyapith specifically from his sweeping generalisations. But it will be as well to give your readers some more detailed account of the present state of the Vidyapith for I feel that in reference to that institution an effort to understand why it has succeeded will repay trouble better than any depressing analysis to the contrary.

The Broach School.

I know that the defection of the Charotar Education Society from the Vidyapith has been much advertised. I regret the loss that I have no desire to belittle. The Anand School of the Charotar Society standing in its beautiful grounds in open country has always been my most favourite institution in Gujerat. I have spent pleasant nights and interesting days in company of the enthusiastic boys and teachers of that school. But I should like to point out that that was not our only model school. In spite of all the dull reaction in politics the Gujerat Vidyapith can still boast of the beautiful institution at Broach that Purani Brothers, inspired originally by Shri Arbindo Ghosh, are running to-day with the support of that rare worker, Dr. Chandulal Desai. The Broach School is no ordinary matriculate manufacturing institution. It has a farm attached to it where agriculture is taught. There is provision for training in Dentistry, and the Society owns a good printing press. An Akhara with excellent equipment has been built up by Mr. Arabalal Purani. These provide an atmosphere the advantages of which in the education of the child may not be under-rated.

Elsewhere they may be going on with the same old books and curicula. But that is certainly not so in the case of the Vidyapith. From the very beginning efforts were concentrated on production of suitable text-books, and credit is due to the workers of this Broach institution for the rapidity with which they came into being.

Dakshina Murti Bhavan.

Another school, the fame of which has recently spread so wide that it hardly needs any mention from me is the Dakshinamurti Bhavan of Bhavnagar. There you have another set of idealistic young men trying to work out new ideas in Education. They are running an institution more consistently on the Montessory plan than I have seen anywhere else; and the atmosphere of their high school is really refreshing. They own simple buildings of their own in a really charming situation. I spent a day with them recently and it has left an abiding impression on my memory. They too are not concern merely with matriculate manufacture. Their ambition is to popularise the idea of freedom in Education; and they have produced stimulating literature on scholastic topics for which they also run a quarterly magazine. Both at Broach and at Bhavnagar you meet men with whom Education is a mission to which they have dedicated their lives. The usual assumption that politicians out of work are running national schools is misleading.

At Ahmedabad the great Proprietary School can still claim to be one of the largest institutions in this country and Messrs. Balvantray Thakore and Jivanlal Diyan have borne much loss to keep faithful to their affiliation to the Vidyapith. Harder times, I know, are yet in store for them, but their faith will overcome all the difficulties.

Ideals of Gujarat Vidyapith.

Gujeratis are not confined to Gujerat alone, and the Vidyapith too is represented far from its geographical boundaries. There is no more reason why I should omit to mention the Bharat Saraswati Mandir of Karachi, than our institution in Bombay. I visited the Mandir in March last and again last month and in the interval the numbers had risen by nearly a hundred. The fact is specially worth noting when every other institution is losing numbers.

Even in the college we have a hundred and fifteen students still. Frankly I did not expect half the number when I returned from jail. Our research department—the

(Continued on page 9.)

WAR AGAINST COMMUNISTS.

LABOUR PARTY'S BAN.

LIVERPOOL CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Sept. 29.

Annual Conference of the Labour which opened to-day at Liverpool is gest in the history of the movement was attended by over thousand delegates. The principal question which was ssed was the proposal of the Executive exclude Communists from membership of Party.

Mr. Saklatvala was present as a visitor.

Mr. C. J. Cramp was elected as chairman on the motion of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald. Mr. Cramp in his speech emphasised that Labour's fundamental task was not to wage war against any class but to convert circumstances going rise to class warfare that actually existed and transform society by patient constructive work without bloodshed and violence into co-operative commonwealth which will end waste, cruelty, misery and suffering under the Capitalist system. He said it was for the Conference to give a lie to the charge that the British Labour movement was advancing on the path of armed revolution. Mr. Cramp believed that the policy of applying methods of force to the affairs of a highly developed capitalist state was hundred years behind the times and should be scrapped.

Mr. Will Thorne, member of Parliament, in presenting the report of the Standing Orders Committee announced that Mr. A. J. Cook had withdrawn his nomination to the Executive. Dealing with the Executive's resolution which declared that no Communist should be a member of any section of any affiliated local Labour Party and no known Communist should be elected delegate to the conference, Mr. Thorne alluded to many Communist resolutions in this connection appearing on the agenda and said that in view of the emphatic decision of previous Conferences that no Communist should be eligible for membership of the Labour Party or as the Labour Candidate for Parliament, the Executive had decided to enforce the standing order that when the general policy had been decided it should not reappear on the agenda for three years. But the acceptance of the Executive's resolutions could be discussed as a separate issue and if they adopted no resolution relating to Communist affiliation it would be in order.

The motion to refer back to the Standing Orders Committees the report with regard to the Communist affiliation was defeated by 2,951,000 votes to 321,000.—Reuter.

"SAKLATVALA IS FRIEND OF LABOUR."

AMERICAN COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATION.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

New York.—Carrying banners inscribed "Saklatwala is friend of Labour" two hundred communists awaited the arrival of the steamer bringing the British Delegation to the Inter-Parliamentary Congress. Some minor disturbances occurred at the pier, but the police suppressed the demonstration and enabled the delegates to drive to their hotels unmolested.—Reuter.

FRENCH DEBT.

AMERICAN COUNTER-PROPOSALS.

LONDON, Sept. 29.

Paris.—According to "le Matin's" Washington correspondent the American counter proposals with regard to the French debt agree with the French demand that the commercial debt in connection with the stocks bought by Klotz in 1919 should be incorporated in the total political debt. This means that France will not have to pay 407 million dollars in 1929 and the twenty-million dollars she pays annually in interest will be reduced and merged in the future annual payments. The American proposals do not object to the protection clause providing against France being crushed by too heavy annual payments. Finally, they consent to reduction of the totaul unpaid interest due.—Reuter's Special.

I. C. S. RESULTS.

LONDON, Sept. 29.

The Civil Service Commissioners announce that the following persons have obtained the first twenty places in order of merit in the recent Indian Civil Service examination:

D. C. Meshweeney, F. M. Innes, F. G. Lee, Hon. E. Baring, J. N. Mehta, G. C. Porteous, T. S. Ramachandran, B. A. Bambawale, G. R. Morley, R. H. King, M. C. Desai, A. Clark, E. B. Bowyer, T. Wikerley, W. Bryant, A. V. Pai, K. C. Basak, R. K. Mitter, D. Symington and T. G. Ayyar.—Reuter.

TWO YEARS FOR POLICE SERGEANT.

POONA, Sept. 29.

Mr. H. C. Fleming, the City Magistrate, yesterday evening sentenced Sergt. D. M. Shaw of the District Police, Lonavla, to two years' rigorous imprisonment for theft of a gold watch and a dressing case from two railway passengers travelling between Bombay and Poona. The Magistrate remarked that the offence was a serious one against which the public had to be protected. The accused had committed the offence which he was there to prevent.—A. P.

EXIT LYAUTEY.

MUSIC IN MOROCCO.

RAINS AND MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Fez.—At a meeting of the Administrative Council of French Morocco, Marshal Lyautey, Resident-General, announced that he had asked the French Government to replace him.—Reuter.

RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Paris.—The Cabinet has accepted Marshal Lyautey's resignation.—Reuter.

MUSIC IN MOROCCO.

CURIOUS EFFECT ON BELLIGERENTS

LONDON, September 29.

Madrid.—It is reported that in the course of the recent Spanish attack on the Morroviejo and Malmusi heights music curiously affected the Belligerents. Firing was most fierce during the advance when the Spanish native regulars began to play the bagpipe. As the sound increased in volume and notes were wafted afar, firing gradually died down in both the camps until eventually it ceased. The report concludes "As each player fingered his last note, vociferous cheers greeted the performance not only from the Spanish lines but also from the rebel trenches."—Reuter's Special.

RAINS CHECK FRENCH ADVANCE.

RIFFS' COUNTER-ATTACK.

LONDON, Sept 28.

Paris—According to the message from Fez ominous rainstorms are falling in the Taza region which is presaging the beginning of the rainy season are likely to delay the maturity of French plans for a considerable time. The river Msoun has overflowed, temporarily dislocating telegraphic communication between Fez and Taza. At present the Riffs are trying to occupy the centre stage and are counter-attacking at several points. Sharp-shooters are harassing the French garrison at Bibane. The French claim that they have not only repulsed attacks but that they have also succeeded in advancing slightly in the eastern sector.—Reuter.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS RESUMED.

LONDON, Sept. 29.

Paris.—A message from Fez says that the rain has stopped and that military movements have been resumed. Abdel Krim who is reinforcing his troops unsuccessfully attempted to occupy several posts. Abdel Karim threatens dire vengeance on the tribes which have submitted to the French after they anticipated that they would be beaten by the Spaniards.—Reuter.

FRENCH WITHDRAWAL FROM SUEIDA.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Paris.—A telegram from Beirut says that after the relief of Sueida and evacuation of the wounded and the sick, the French column has withdrawn to the region of Messeiffre as Sueida is waterless, and also in order to revictual itself and prepare for further operations with the object of subduing the remainder of the hostile tribes.—Reuter.

OPIUM CULTIVATION IN PERSIA.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Geneva.—The Council of the League of Nations has adjourned till December session, the question of the despatch of a Commission of Enquiry into the production of opium in Persia, and has authorised the Secretary-General to enquire whether the Persian Government will grant a subsidy to meet the expenses of the Commission.—Reuter.

DRAFT SLAVERY CONVENTION.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Geneva.—The Council of the League of Nations has passed a resolution that the Draft Salary Convention voted by the Assembly on September 26 should be communicated to the members of the League and to the Governments of Afghanistan, Ecuador, United States, Egypt, Germany, Mexico, Russia and Sudan with a request that they might communicate their observations to the Secretary-General by June 1, 1926, and make every effort to adopt immediately all possible measures to confirm the provisions of the Draft Convention and assist each other to abolish slave trade, slavery and all conditions analogous to it by all practical means and by conclusion of special agreements and arrangements. The Council will meet again at Geneva in December.—Reuter.

CABLE ITEMS.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

The Japanese aviators Abe and Kawachi have arrived at Lebourget.—Reuter.

LONDON, September 29.

The death has occurred of Sir Robert Back, Chairman of the Mercantile Bank of India.—Reuter's Special.

MOSUL DEPORTATIONS

GEN. LEIDONER'S MISSION.

GRANTED DISCRETIONARY POWER.

LONDON, September 29.

Geneva.—General Leidoner who has been appointed by the League to investigate into the Mosul deportations will remain in the Mosul Zone until settlement is reached between England and Turkey. He has been granted discretionary powers as regards jurisdiction. General Leidoner, who is only forty and was formerly a Colonel in the Tsarist Army holds the insignia of Commander of Order of St. Michael and St. George. He was responsible for driving the Bolsheviks from Esthonia during War and is the creator of the National Army.—Reuter's Special.

EXTRA-ORDINARY SESSION OF HAGUE COURT.

LONDON, Sept 28.

The Hague.—The International Court of Justice has convoked an extraordinary session for October 2nd to deal with the question of the Mosul deportations.—Reuter.

SHIPPING SITUATION.

BEGINNING OF END.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Cape Town.—The "Kenilworth Castle" which has been detained here for five weeks on account of seamen's strike is sailing this afternoon to proceed up the coast in the same manner as the "Windsor Castle" and "Kildonan Castle" which have already sailed. The incoming steamer "Walmer Castle" will be docked as usual at the jetty. "It is a month since this has been done, and it marks the beginning of the end of the system of landing passengers and goods by means of lighters and tugs. The docks are assuming a normal aspects.—Reuter.

RUSSIA, GERMANY AND THE LEAGUE.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Warsaw.—That the Soviet Governments will revise their attitude towards Germany in the event of the latter acceding to the Allied request to and join the League without reservation was stated by M. Chicherin in an interview, en route to Germany to take two months' cure. M. Chicherin pointed out that acceptance of articles 16 and 17 of the Covenant might eventually compel Germany to act against the Soviets. M. Chicherin said he was at present endeavouring to persuade Poland to settle the few outstanding differences between Poland and the Soviet.—Reuter.

AHMADIYYA MOSQUE IN LONDON.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

The building of the first Mosque in London the foundation stone of which was laid last autumn by Khalifat-Ul-Masih, began at Southfields this morning when, the Imam first of all said prayers in Arabic, specially those offered by Abraham at the time of building the Kaaba. Then the Imam and members of Ahmadiyya community began excavating with their own hands for half an hour, chanting Arabic verses recited by Mohammed and his companions whilst building the first Mosque at Medina.—Reuter

NO ADDRESS TO GOVERNOR.

RAJAHMUNDRY MUNICIPALITY'S RESOLVE.

RAJAHMUNDRY, Sept. 29.

The Rajahmundry Municipality at a special meeting refused to vote an address to the Governor by thirteen votes to eleven.—A. P.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Wilson dined with the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. H. S Lawrence at Queen's Gardens, Poona, on Monday last.

It is understood that Dr. Zeauddin Ahmed, C.I.E., of Aligarh University has been offered and has accepted the Vice-Chancellorship of the Dacca University.

Major-General Sir Edwin Atkinson who is touring in South India arrived Madras on Monday morning from Ootacamund. He left for Bangalore on Tuesday.

Lala Lajpatrai, who has been ailing for some time, has been brought to Delhi where he will continue his treatment under Hakim Abdul Wahib Ansari. Lalaji is showing signs of rapid improvement.

HINDU-MUSLIM TENSION

HARTAL IN MANY PLACES.

DASSERA PROCESSIONS ABANDONED.

YEOTMAL, Sept. 28.

A dispute having arisen between the Hindus and the Mussalmans of Dhanki in the Pusad Taluka, over the question of the taking of a procession accompanied by music in front of a Mosque, the sub-Divisional Magistrate had to hasten to the spot, who after enquiries issued an order prohibiting the Hindus from taking out a procession with music in front of the Mosque for a period of two months. The Hindus of the locality who felt dissatisfied at this order have decided not to perform the Dasarah celebrations and have resorted to hartal. They have also decided not to co-operate with the Mahomedans in any way.

A Dhanki message says that the Hindus of Dhanki have decided, on the expiry of the period of notice to take their procession from the mosque with music, at all risks. The Hindus of Umarkhed are also reported to have observed a sympathetic hartal by way of protest against the order and a public meeting of the Hindus at the latter place strongly protested against the Magistrate's order and supported the decision of the Dhanki people.—A. P.

HARTAL AT JUBBULPORE.

(From a Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 28.

At a mass meeting of Hindus held at Simariyawali Rani's Kothi on Sunday the 27th inst. under the Presidentship of Seth Govinddass, M.L.A. the following resolution moved by Mr. Shyam Sunder Bhargava, M.L.C., and supported by Mr. Bechar Rajendrasingh and others, was passed:—

"Whereas last year on the day of the Dasshehra gross injustice was done to us by attacking our Ramlila procession and assaulting a number of our Kalis, whereas Government have not fulfilled their promise of holding an enquiry to trace out the persons who assaulted Kalis and started riot, wheras the fact that in order to express grief we abstained from observing our Diwali, Holi and other festivals falling in the course of the year failed to produce any impression and whereas our natural right of freely playing music before mosques is being denied to us, we Hindus of Jubbulpore have observed complete hartal to-day, the day of our Dashehra celebrations, and have here assembled in meeting to express our heartfelt resentment and we hereby resolve not to celebrate any of our festivals in future until and unless our natural religious rights are conceded to us."

Three copies of this resolution have been sent to His Excellency Governor of C. P. and Berar, the Commissioner, Jubbulpore Division, and the Deputy Commissioner, Jubbulpore District.

GAYA HINDUS OBSERVE "HARTAL"

(From a Correspondent.)

GAYA, Sept. 28.

Local Hindus observe peaceful hartal on Sunday as a protest against the official prohibition of public meetings, carriage of lathies and playing of music on public roads during the Dassera festival. An unarmed party going to Dukhsharnidevi near the Jumma Masjid for worship was severely assaulted by the police and beaten with regulation lathis. Several arrests were made indiscriminately at dead of night. All Dassera processions have been stopped as a protest.

PROCESSION AT NAGPUR.

PASSES OFF PEACEFULLY.

Dr. B. S. Moonje wired from Nagpur yesterday as follows:—

The much advertised annual Dassera procession of Raja Laxmanrao Sahib Bhonsle Junior representative of the Bhonsla royal family of Nagpur which was obstructed by the Mahomedans two years ago and had, therefore, to be suspended for the last two years, passed off most peacefully yesterday with great pomp, playing bands and music along the traditional route over the Bhutya Darwaja Road past the Bhutya Darwaja Mosque. Young Hindu boys newly trained in horse riding joining the procession on their own horses. The local Akali Jatha joining the procession enhanced the natural Mahratta warlike appearance of the procession. The procession was joined also by Mahomedan leaders such as Nawab Neazuddinkhan, Barrister Yusuf Shareef and others, who freely mixed with the Hindu leaders and were treated with the usual honours of the Dassera procession. The settlement of the long standing music dispute between Hindus and Muslims of Nagpur as brought about by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Pandit Motilal Nehru was thus honourably respected and observed by both sides throughout the several musical Hindu processions of the months of August and September, such as the Kanhoba, Harialika, Ganpaty and Dassera processions and also the Jain processions. Both the communities deserve hearty congratulations over their unity.

PASSES OF PEACEFULLY IN DELHI.

DELHI, Sept 29.

All functions and celebrations connected with Ramlila passed off peacefully. Although no trouble was apprehended, all possible police precautions were taken. Constables were posted on the roofs of houses to see that no one made mischief. Mohammedans were moving freely with Hindus in the procession.—A. P.

EXPULSION BILL.

GRATUITOUS INSULT TO INDIANS.

EUROPEANS VOTE AGAINST BURMANS.

RANGOON, Sept. 28.

The Home Member in presenting the Select Committee's report on the Non-Burman Offenders Expulsion Bill said Mr. Auzam seemed to be under the misconception that the Bill was against Indians but that was not so. It was against bad men who were not wanted in Burma. There were hundreds of other nationals affected including Straits-born Chinese. The objection which at first sight appeared to be a very serious one was nothing more than a bogey. After the motion for consideration of the Bill was passed, discussion commenced, All Indian members took part in the debate and opposing the Bill said it was a gratuitous insult to Indians and no necessity had been shown for such legislation which was not fair at the present moment when Government was fighting for the position of Indians in the Colonies.

Mr. Auzam opposing the Bill said the Indian Community being the largest community in Burma, one could not get away from the fact that the Bill was intended to apply to Indians.

Messrs. J. K. Munshi and Rafi thought it was most impolitic to bring forward legislation of such a repulsive nature when Government was trying to get Indians full rights of citizenship abroad.

Mr. Brancer, Chief Secretary, remarked that the agitation against the Bill was fictitious.

Mr. Ba Yin (Nationalist) said his party supported the Bill on its merits and remarked that no good would result by stirring up racial strife. The arguments of the Indian members were absurd.

Mr. Narayan Rao protested against the Bill because it was Burmans and not Indians who were responsible for crime according to statistics.

Sir Adam Ritchie (Burma Chamber) opposed the Bill as it would create anti-racial feeling. He remarked that political progress in Burma was only due to the presence and co-operation of Indians and Europeans in this province.

The Bill was pressed to a division and passed by 56 votes to 15 all European non-official members voted with Indians against the Bill while Karens and Burmans voted with Government.

The Finance Member then presented the Rangoon Port Amendment Bill as amended by the Select Committee. The Bill provides for the increase of four Commissioners to represent the non-European mercantile community.

After discussion and opposition from the Nationalist party the Bill was passed voting being 38 for and 39 against.

The President announced that the present Council would be dissolved on the 10th October and a general election would take place on November 17th. The last session of the present Council was concluded and the Council prorogued.—A. P.

EMPIRE PRESS CONFERENCE

DELEGATES ENTERTAINED AT MELBOURNE.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Melbourne.—Delegates to the Empire Press Conference received very cordial welcome on entering Victoria. They were met at Albury on the border by a representative party including five State Ministers, permanent heads of most of State Departments and heads of all Melbourne newspapers. Dr. Argyle, State Minister of Health, officially welcomed the delegates, who before proceeding to Melbourne motored to the Hume Reservior which Federal Government is constructing for irrigation purposes and to supply hydro-electric power. The construction of the Reservoir is estimated to cost six millions sterling, its capacity being two million acre feet.—Reuter.

WHITE AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, Sept. 29.

Melbourne.—Delegates who have arrived here to attend Empire Press Conference were entertained at a banquet by the Commonwealth Government in the Parliament House last night. Mr. Bruce in a speech declared that the gathering was the most significant ever held in that hall.

The results of the visit would be of the greatest value to the Empire, and particularly to Australia. Mr. Bruce emphasised that Australia was indissolubly wedded to a "White Australia" policy.—Reuter.

SECURITY PACT CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Berne.—It has now been definitely decided that the Security Pact Conference will meet at Locarno (Switzerland) on October 5.—Reuter.

BOMBAY LABOUR SITUATION.

EXODUS CONTINUES.

ACTIVITY OF CRIMINAL ELEMENTS.

There is no likelihood of any change in the mill strike situation taking place till Diwali holidays are over. On Tuesday the same three mills, viz., Indian Woollen, Bombay Dyeing and Framji Petit, were found working. The peaceful exodus of the operatives to their village homes continues. It has, however given an incentive to the habitual criminals in the city to resort to their unlawful operations. In the early hours of Tuesday one such case occurred opposite the Union Mill in a quarter thickly populated by the operatives. It appeared one police constable No. 2261 was on patrol duty at about 4 a.m. when he saw one Mohmedan bargaining with a victoria driver to go to Madanpura. He offered the driver eight annas while the latter wanted one rupee. The Mohmedan had a bundle of clothes in his hands. When the police constable challenged the Mohmedan, the latter said he was going to his country with his luggage. The driver was about to move when the constable got in the victoria and hand-cuffed the Mohmedan and told the driver to drive to the De Lisle Road Police Station. When near the police station the Mohmedan in spite of the handcuffs on his hands jumped off his seat and tried to run away, but he was re-arrested and taken to the police station after a great deal of struggle with half a dozen policemen. The police enquiries showed that the Mohmedan was Gavardhia Kalsar (25) a native of Allahabad and without any fixed residence or occupation in Bombay. He had broken open the shop of one Pranjiwan Purshotam, a cloth merchant, having his shop opposite the Union Mill and removed goods to the value of Rs. 500. Pranjiwan came to his shop at about 9 a.m. and seeing the shop ransacked, he began to cry loudly. Some people collected there and some one informed the police, who took Pranjiwan to the police station and showed him the goods which he identified as his own. Further police enquiries in the matter are in progress.

DEMAND FOR OUTSTANDING WAGES.

Yesterday morning about 150 operatives collected near the gates of the Jamshed mill situate at Ferguson Road and demanded outstanding wages from the management. They were paid off promptly. After receiving their dues the operatives left the mill premises peacefully without making any demonstration.

The G. I. P. Railway have made special arrangement for checking tickets at mid-stations thus preventing passengers from travelling without tickets.

SOCIAST PARTY KAMGAR SANGHA

EFFORT AT IMPROVING WORKERS' LOT.

The Secretary, nominated by the Central Executive of the above organisation formed at Simla, who is at present in Bombay writes:—

The necessity and utility of having an organisation exclusively composed of the workers for their exclusive benefit, is being felt more acutely now than on any previous occasion. The fact that all the cotton mills of this city, without any exception whatsoever, have decided through the Mill-owners' Association—an organisation composed of the capitalists to safe-guard their own exclusive interests—to cut the wages of the workers,—in spite of the fact that 30 to 50 per cent. of them are not only not working at a loss but actually reap some gain,—is clearly indicative of the strength of a living and strong organisation. Protests against the wage cut emanating from the disorganised and distracted workers are ignored entirely by such a powerful organisation and the absence of any strong unions to take up their cause with unremitting courage and dogged persistence is felt all the keener day by day.

Learning from their past bitter experience and the present settlement and attitude of their Masters' Association, it the workers at least now realise the potentiality and supreme need of organised resistance, as also the necessity of a real workers' organisation solely for their own benefit, let them join the "Socialist Party Kamgar Sangha" inaugurated by the great labourites of this country—people who sincerely sympathise with the lot of the workers and who are prepared to do all that they possibly can to remove their grievances and advance their just cause. Every worker who pays money subscription of only "One Anna a Week" will be entitled to be a member of the Sangha, and all such members will, according to the constitution of the said Sangha, be eligible for the following benefits:—

1. "Sickness benefit"; 2. "unemployment benefit"; 3. "death benefit".

The offices of the above Sangha are proposed to be located at some suitable central place in the mill area of Parel.

HIGH COURT.

MURDER OF WIFE.

COUNSEL'S ADDRESSES

DEFENCE OF INSANITY.

Considerable interest was displayed by lawyers and laymen alike when counsel addressed the jury on Tuesday in the sensational case against Vasanji Haridas, a Bhatia youth aged 22, who is being tried before Mr. Justice Kajiji and a special jury at the High Court sessions on the charge of having committed the murder of his wife Ladkubai on 1st March, 1924. The proceedings commenced with Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai's address to the jury on behalf of the accused, which lasted full three hours till the lunch interval.

The Advocate-General with Mr. V. G. Dalvi appeared for the prosecution; while Mr. Bhulabhai Desai with Miss Mithan Tata, Barrister-at-law, instructed by Messrs. Madhowji and Co., Solicitors, appeared for the defence.

DEFENCE ADDRESS.

Mr. Desai said that there were two questions which the jury had to consider. Firstly, whether it was the accused who had stabbed the deceased, and secondly, whether at the time of the act he was in such a state of mind as to be incapable of understanding the nature of his act. Counsel would assume that on the first point the jury would probably find that the accused himself had committed the act. So he would concentrate on the second point regarding the accused's mental condition. If he could satisfy the jury that the accused's mental condition was such that he could not understand the nature of his act, then he was entitled to an acquittal, not as a matter of mercy, but as a matter of right, under the general exceptions mentioned in the Indian Penal Code. On this question, counsel called the attention of the jury to the evidence adduced by the defence, and he warned them not to be deluded by any false premises on which the prosecution relied.

Mr. Desai strongly protested against the irresponsible manner in which the Advocate-General had conducted the cross-examination of respectable medical witnesses produced by the defence, and asked the jury to discard the almost absurd suggestions made by him to shake their testimony which, in view of their position and experience of the accused's mental state, must be considered reliable.

Continuing, Mr. Desai said that the prosecution might suggest that the mental condition of the accused was quite sound at the time of the offence, but had changed for the worse after it. On this point, Mr. Desai asked the jury to take into consideration the weight and importance of the 'cumulative' evidence, including the earlier state of the accused's mind and body, the damage caused to his brain by the fall and other circumstances, and the medical evidence regarding their consequences.

NO MOTIVE.

Mr. Desai then referred to the evidence given by the defence witnesses. The accused's father, he said, had deposed that the relations with his wife were quite cordial and harmonious. This statement was supported by the photo of the accused with his wife which was taken a few days before the incident. Further, though the girl's father had refused to send her on quite reasonable grounds, he had subsequently consented, so that there was no motive nor any reasonable cause why the accused should be provoked to kill his wife. Under these circumstances, the only inference was that the accused had committed the act under a fit of frenzy which was due to the unsound condition of his mind at the time. On this point there could not possibly be any direct evidence, and the jury must rely on the fact that there was a continuing of an unsound condition of mind, which even the prosecution could not disprove. The Advocate-General had attempted to attribute perjury and incompetence to Dr. A. K. Dalal and Dr. Meheshari, which he hoped the jury will treat with contempt. Counsel further emphasised the evidence of Col. Mayer who was an expert on mental diseases and whom the prosecution could not shake.

Concluding, Mr. Desai submitted to the jury that on the evidence and circumstances before them, he had proved to their satisfaction that the accused was unsound in his mind at the time he had committed the act, and hoped that the jury would therefore bring in a verdict of "not guilty" in favour of the accused.

ADVOCATE GENERAL'S ADDRESS.

When the Court re-assembled after lunch, the Advocate-General addressed the jury on behalf of the prosecution. The case, he said, fell into two parts. First, that the accused himself had stabbed his wife as a result of which she died; and secondly, that he was sane at the time of the offence. On the first point, he recapitulated the facts and referred to the evidence of the girl's mother, since deceased, who was the only eye-witness and was examined before the Coroner's Court, and to that of the House Surgeon of the J. J. Hospital who had deposed to the fatal nature of the injuries during the same enquiry. If the jury were of opinion that the accused had not the intention to murder, they would be justified in bringing a verdict of guilty on the minor charge of culpable homicide.

Coming to the consideration whether the mental state of the accused was such as to bring the case within any of the exceptions defined by Section 80 of the Indian Penal Code, counsel said that the onus of proving such a state of mind lay on the accused. By "nature of the act" was meant the physical nature of the act, as was held by Lord Reading, when he was Lord Chief Justice of England (12, Criminal Appeal Report Vol. 12, p. 28). One of the tests of such a condition, as mentioned by Lord Bramwell, was whether the accused would have committed the act if a policeman was present; that was to say, whether the accused was conscious that what he was doing was contrary to law (Maine's Criminal Law). In considering this point, counsel asked the jury to remember that the accused carried a knife when he went to his father-in-law's house.

Referring to the evidence of the experts, the Advocate-General took exception to Mr. Desai's criticism of his cross-examination of these witnesses as being "irresponsible", whereupon Mr. Desai stood up and observed that he had great respect for his learned friend, but he was entitled to say how his cross-examination had struck him.

Continuing, the Advocate-General prefaced one of his statements with the words "with great respect to my learned friend." His Lordship, thereupon, observed with a smile: "So each of you has great respect for the other." (Laughter.)

The Advocate-General's address was not finished when the Court rose for the day.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT IN SALSETTE.

GOVERNMENT'S DECISION TO MAKE A REFERENDUM.

The Secretary of the Vile Parle Local Self-Government Committee writes:—

"As a result of the representation made to the Government of Bombay, pursuant to the resolution passed at the public meeting of the citizens of Vile Parle on the 19th August, 1925, protesting against the referendum of the 'Householders' only and requesting the Government to take a referendum of all those who will be entitled to vote, when a Municipality is established, the Government has acceded to the requests. A copy of the reply received from the Government addressed to the president of that meeting is enclosed herewith."

The Government reply reads as follows:—

"With reference to your letter dated the 21st August, 1925, addressed to the Honourable Minister for Local Self-Government, I am directed to state that the Collector, Bombay, Suburban District, is being asked to make the referendum to all who will be entitled to vote when a Municipality is established."

MUSLIMS AND HEDJAZ.

M. ABDUL BARI TO LEAD DEPUTATION.

LUCKNOW, Sept. 29.

The All-India Muslim Conference to discuss the Hedjaz situation concluded its sitting to-day. The following are some of the resolutions that were passed by the Conference:—

(1) That the Indian Muslims shall continue to make all possible efforts to keep Jezeerat-Ul-Arab free from direct and indirect non-Muslim influence and because Akaba and Mian are parts of Jazeerat-ul-Arab this Conference maintains that British annexations of these two places are unpeasonable.

(2) Whereas even the short possession and control of the whole land by Ibn Saud had been the occasion of desecration and sacrilege this Conference asserts on behalf of the Indian Muslims that Ibn Saud's authority over Hedjaz can never be tolerated.

(3) On the established principle of self-determination this Conference is of opinion that Hedjaz should be left alone to form their own Government.

(4) This Conference appeals to the Muslims of the world to take immediate steps to stop bloodshed in Hedjaz and to give substantial monetary help to the people of Hedjaz, particularly to the citizens of Medina.

It was further resolved to send a deputation headed by Moulana Abdul Bari to Hedjaz.—A. P.

M. ABDUL BARI'S WIRE TO GOVT.

CAWNPORE, Sept. 29.

It is learnt on reliable authority that Maulana Abdul Bari of Farangimahal is in communication with the Government of India regarding the situation in Hedjaz and has made it known to the Government that he does not want Sultan Ibn Saud's supremacy over Hedjaz.—A. P.

LOSS OF SEASON TICKET.

PASSENGER'S RIGHT TO TRAVEL UPHELD.

Whether a holder of a season ticket who has lost it, is entitled to travel without any extra charge or fresh pass for the rest of the period was the important point decided by their Lordships on the Appellate Side of the High Court in disposing of the revisional application filed by the B. B. and C. I. Co. against the decision of the appeal Bench of the Small Causes Court dismissing their suit against Mr. Bunaji Solicitor for recovery of fare and penalty for travelling without a fresh pass or ticket after his season ticket had been lost.

Their Lordships, in the course of a lengthy judgment, held that the season ticket was a contract between the Company and the holder, and the latter was entitled to travel during the rest of the period, on a true construction of the provisions of the Railway Act and the rules printed on the ticket. It was also held that such suits could not be entertained by a civil court, and the only remedy for the Company was to go to the magistrate, as provided under the Act.

The death is announced of Rai Bahadur Thakur Sitla Baksh Singh, a prominent Zemindar of Allahabad.

SIMLA "COOLY" MURDER CASE.

TRIAL OPENS IN LAHORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept 28

As the result of the Lahore High Court decision the hearing of the rickshaw cooly murder case commenced to-day before Mr Isar, 1st Class Magistrate. The room was crowded and keen interest was shown by the public throughout the day's proceedings. Mr. Mansel Pleydell, accused, was defended by Bakshi Dalip Singh of Rawalpindi, who is also legal adviser to the Army Canteen Board. He was assisted by Mr. Mir Muhamed Khan, a local pleader. The crown was represented by Government Advocate Kunwar Dalip Singh, who was assisted by Mr. Harish Chandar of the Local Bar.

The Court sat to-day for six hours when Bekhia, a rickshaw cooly, was examined as prosecution witness and cross-examined at great length. He said the deceased was related to him, being his uncle's son. His examination in chief to-day practically covered the same ground as that before the Deputy Commissioner on the previous occasion. He deposed that he was one of the six coolies who were in the porch of Mr. Mansel Pleydell's house. The other coolies slept outside. Of the six five coolies, including his deceased brother, slept in the porch. He was the only person who kept wide awake all the time as he did not have cloth to cover him. Examined by Bakshi Dulisingh, he said that it was about quarters past one at night when he heard sahib's footsteps. He thereupon asked deceased (Javishar) to get up and himself moved outside the porch of the House. Jagishar sat up, but when he was about to get up he stumbled as the result of his feet being caught in his cover. At this time the accused came and began to kick the deceased. Witness did not know the reason for this nor did he cry, nor remonstrated to the accused as to why he was kicking. They did not raise any hue or cry. They represented the matter to a lady who came out and then went in. They again remonstrated to her when the accused came out to see her off in a rickshaw. When the Sahib was kicking the deceased a bearer from another residence arrived at a distance and was heard to say that a poor cooly was being beaten and that they should report the matter to the police and promised to give evidence. The defence counsel then pointed out that witness had stated before the police that they and this bearer raised a cry, but now he had made no such statement to the police. Another discrepancy pointed out by the defence counsel was that while witness had stated before the Deputy Commissioner that only four coolies were in the porch he now stated that they were six. Witness maintained that he stated then also six but did not know what had been taken down. Witness said he had never been to Mr. Mansel Pleydell's residence after the incident.

AGAINST LEGAL ETIQUETTE

When counsel asked witness questions regarding the identification parade, Court pointed out that an exhaustive note on the subject had been put in by Mr. Anderson, who was in charge of the parade. Defence counsel said he was present on the occasion of the parade and thought it was irregular. Kunwar Dulip, Advocate, submitted that it was against legal etiquette to make use of personal knowledge in this matter. Witness said they took his brother in a rickshaw to Chhota Simla police station, where the clerk declined to record their report. While returning to their shed his brother did not speak, but stated twice or thrice that he had great pain near his heart and that he would not live. Defence counsel asked whether his father or mother had been informed and had come Simla. Witness replied they had been informed; they were old and did not come. As defence counsel was proceeding to examine further, Court asked the relevancy of the issue. Counsel replied that he wanted to show that deceased had such bad character that even his parents did not care for their deceased son. There was some difficulty in the examination of witness to-day, as his language was hill dialect while he was examined in Punjabi and his statement was being recorded both in Urdu and in English.

Cross-examination of the first witness by defence counsel ended to-day and to-morrow he would be examined by the Crown counsel. Court announced that he had allowed Lala Mohan Lal, Pleader, M.L.C., and Municipal Commissioner of Simla to be examined as prosecution witness.

ELECTION FOR LEGISLATURES.

INCOME TAX ASSESSMENT.

The existing names of income-tax assessees on the electoral rolls of the three legislative bodies i.e. the Council of State, the Legislative Assembly and the Bombay Legislative Council, will not be retained unless proof is produced by the assessees of their having been assessed to income-tax during and for the year preceding that in which the new or amended roll is being prepared. The correct procedure, as laid down by the Government of India, in order to obtain that proof is as follows:—

An income-tax assessee if he wishes to have his name included in an electoral roll should normally get his name entered himself and it is open to him to produce a demand notice in order to satisfy the authorities preparing the roll that he is an assessee. Where an assessee does not desire to produce a demand notice which indicates the amount of his total annual income he can obtain from the Commissioner of Income Tax, free of charge, a certificate to the effect either that he is an assessee or that he is assessed above a certain limit of income. A certificate of payment will also be issued if the assessee does not wish to present his income-tax receipt.

Instructions have been issued to Collectors that when the electoral roll of any constituency is revised, public notices sould be issued calling upon the assessees to send in their names and the proofs supporting their claim. These proofs are those referred to above.

C. P. COUNCIL.

TO BE HELD IN NOVEMBER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR Sept. 28.

It is understood that the Hon. Mr. S. B. Tambe, President of the C. P. Legislative Council was summoned by Sir Montague Butler, the Governor to Pachmarhi last week in connection with the desirability of holding the next session of the Council in the month of November. His Excellency Sir Montague Butler is likely to confer with the Viceroy in the middle of the next month.

FREE TREATMENT FOR ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION.

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Humanitarian League and the Matunga Resident's Association arrangements are made for giving free medicine of the Mahant of Chikrakut to those suffering from asthma, cough, consumption etc. to-morrow at the plots near King's Circle, Matunga G. I. P. Ry.)

Mahant Shri of Chikrakut has arrived in Bombay and can be consulted free any time during the day after 8 a.m. by the public at his residence in Seth Raychand Motichand's Bungalow, at Matunga (G. I. P. Ry.) side.

Those desirous of taking the medicine are required to go to the place mentioned above at 7 p.m. (S.T.) on 1st proximo. The medicine is to be taken with rice pudding (khir) prepared by cooking ½ a tola of old rice in 10 tolas of cow's milk (no sugar is to be added) and the patients are to bring such pudding with them. As the patient is required to stay there till mid-night, they must bring bedding and drinking pots with them.

Volunteers will be placed at Matunga Station (G. I. P. Ry.) and Dadar Tram Terminus to direct the public to the place stated above. The Tramway Co. has agreed to run more trams on Thursday between 4 to 8 p.m. and start special trams at about 4-15 a.m. on Friday by which patients can go home.

Other particulars if required can be had from Secretaries, Working Committee, c/o The Bombay Humanitarian Leagnet, 149, Shroff Bazar, Bombay 2.

NEW YORK & LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKETS.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC QUOTATIONS.

(From Cotton Telegraphic Information Service)
Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

29th September, 1925.

October.	Closing rate on previous day.	Opening rate.	Closing rate.	Difference
NEW YORK.	23.46	23.30 —16	23.25	—21
LIVERPOOL.	12.43	12.34 —9	12.21	—22

Sewn Closing Rate: Rs. 417-0-0. Khandi Closing Rate: 417-8-0

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

MR. TAIRSEE'S RESOLUTION REJECTED.

A meeting of the Trustees of the Bombay Port Trust was held in their office on Tuesday, when the following, among other items of business were disposed of. The chairman's sanction to an expenditure estimated at Rs. 33,032 for works on protective measures to a further two of the Cotton Depot Railway stations was confirmed.

The Report of the Finance and General Committee regarding payment of Provident Fund moneys of two dismissed employees of the Stores Department was considered and adopted and it was decided to call for Mr. Pereira's explanation.

Submitted Trustees' Resolution No. 204 of 1925 directing forfeiture of the full amount of Provident Fund standing to the credit of Bhiwa Savla, coolie, and Rakhma Jairam, lascar, Stores Department, dismissed for misconduct.

The Chairman informed the Committee that a representation had been received on behalf of the two employees requesting reconsideration of the Board's orders, on the ground that the late attendance of Rakhma Jairam on the occasion in question was due to the lascar having been sent on an errand by one of the clerks in the Stores Department, Mr. W. Pereira, and that the evidence showed that the two dismissed employees had no intention of defrauding the Trust.

Submitted letter from the Controller of Stores, No. E. S. T. 3 dated 4th September 1925, reporting, after further enquiry into the case, that the facts were substantially as stated in the Pleader's representation but that there was a previous warning recorded against Rakhma Jairam on getting his ticket drawn by other employees and for insubordination; recommending that the order of dismissal should stand but that the employees' own contributions to Provident Fund should not be forfeited.

Submitted minute by Mr. N. B. Sakhalvala dated 21st September, 1925.

The Chairman said that in view of the fresh facts brought to light and the Board's recent reversal of their practice of forfeiting the Provident Fund moneys of employees dismissed for misconduct, he invited a reconsideration of the Board's orders in regard to the forfeiture of the Provident Fund contributions of the two employees.

The Committee, after full consideration, recommended that the order of dismissal should be amended to one dispensing with the employees' services and that they should be allowed to draw the full amount standing to their credit in the Provident Fund.

Note.—Mr. Grantham dissented from this recommendation in view of the nature of the offence and the previous misdemeanour on record against Rakhma Jairam. He considered that the order of dismissal should stand and that the employees' own Provident Fund contributions only, with interest, should be paid to them.

The Committee further recommended that Mr. William Pereira, Receiver, Stores Department, should be warned.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee moved "that all communications addressed to the Chairman and Trustees of the Board be placed before the Board for attention and action.

In moving the motion Mr. Tairsee instanced the cases of the Standing Committee, and the Bombay Municipal Corporation and said that the practice was salutary. There are no sections of the Act which the motion infringes nor it attempts to take away power which the chairman has but surely, the Trustees so far not having given up the powers, be they of attention, be they of action should insist as a matter of right, that communications jointly addressed to them should come up before them for attention and action.

Messrs. Green, Hellam Sir Lawless Hooper, Mr. Clayton and Sir Purshotamdas opposed the motion.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim had doubts whether the motion was in order.

The motion on being put to vote was lost by 3 to 14, Mr. Matani and Mr. Peroze Sethna were; in addition to mover, the only supporters.

The consideration of Mr. Tairsee's motion "that a Committee (to be named at the meeting) be appointed to enquire into the case of Mr. M. C. Rajyadhyaksha, who in the event of his not accepting the lower grade appointment has been asked to go, and who has not been given the post to which by seniority and qualification he was entitled" was postponed to the next meeting of the Board.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

At a meeting of the H. F. Association, Amritsar, held on the 25th instant under the presidentship of Sheikh Mohammad Atzal Akhtar, a resolution was passed expressing its "great anger and fierce indignation at the blasphemous and ignominiously disgraceful cartoon published by the "Star" published in London."

Cuttack, Sept. 28.—Pandit Godabari Misra, M.L.C., has been sentenced to three months imprisonment in connection with the Banpura Co-operative Bank case.—A. P.

In connection with the coming election for the post of President of the Madras Legislative Council fallen vacant by the death of Dewan Bahadur Swamikannu Pillay it is understood that the "Justice Party" at a meeting has decided to support the candidature of Prof. Ratnaswami.—A. P.

Calcutta, Sept. 29.—Exchange Bank Telegraphic Transfer was one shilling six and five thirty-second pence and Demand Bills were one shilling six and three sixteenth pence.—A. P.

ART TENDENCIES IN BOMBAY.

PLEA FOR TOLERANCE AND OPEN-MINDEDNESS

CAPT G. SOLOMON'S LECTURE.

A lecture on "Art Tendencies in Bombay" was delivered on Monday by Captain Gladstone Solomon at the Naini Tal Art Society. In the course of his lecture Capt. G. Solomon said:—

The occasion of my being present here to-day is one of unusual interest. I have been very fortunate to see the first exhibition of a New Art Society in India, the Naini Tal Art Society for it is an occasion in which all lovers of Art must be keenly interested. It is another most encouraging sign of the times. We live in a period of mounting interest in Art in this country and I feel that my good fortune in being with you to-day is due not to any merit of my own but to the fact that I come from a city where Art is being encouraged to an increasing extent and where Indians and Europeans are taking a wider and wider interest in Painting, Sculpture and Architecture.

You may be interested to hear something of these activities in Bombay, and in particular about the Bombay School of Art which is the section of the subject on which I am best able to give you information. I have brought some slides indicative rather than representative of some aspects of the work of the Bombay Art students and these I propose to show you to-night. But in order that you may understand the slides I would like first to give you some account of the work and ideal set our Art students, the lines along which the Bombay School of Art is now moving.

Work and Ideals

I cannot help thinking that the work of the Bombay Artists and Art students is in need of elucidation to those who like yourselves being at a distance from Bombay are obliged to draw their conclusions as to Bombay's Art either from hearsay, or from the few works of Art which may percolate through from that distant Province. When I was in England not very long ago I was surprised to find how little was known about the Art and Artists of Western India. Artists are as you know not very articulate a class and those of another side of India the Bengal side, have been fortunate in finding many able exponents of their aims and efforts. It was well for Millais, Holman Hunt, and Rossetti that a powerful voice was raised on their behalf, for the many opponents of the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood were quite equal to covering with derision the brilliant creations of inspired pencils, but not to confounding the still more brilliant championship of that great protagonist of the movement, John Ruskin. That enlightened critic did for British Art what Art could never have done by its unaided efforts—fortunately, for India there are arising even in inarticulate Bombay—that city of active deeds but of few words Indian spokesmen and Indian writers who to-day are ably expounding what it is that that the artists are doing, and who have convictions as strong and as disinterested as those of the great Victorian Art Critic and Teacher. This is a very good thing, for misapprehensions still exist on the subject of Bombay's Artists, and Art students.

The Bombay School of Art is a Government Institution, and by that simple fact alone immediately falls under the ban of two sections of critics, viz. those who do not believe in Schools of Art, and those who think that Government Patronage of Art and especially Indian Art is harmful. The first-named section would have no artists at all unless they be self-taught ones like Segantine, Brabizon, Gargin and others, and the other section seem to think that Art does not need or desire the help of Government. These objections may be refuted out of history; but we pass to the third shot in the battery of our friends the critics—I mean the statement so often reported that the students work is *Not In Indian*.

A Master's Dictum.

This criticism raises many important and highly interesting issues, and I am fully prepared to discuss these issues which must concern all lovers of Indian Art and to explain our objects, methods, and production, as clearly as I can.

The Bombay School of Art consists of the Classes of Drawing and Painting, the Modelling Class, the Normal Class for Drawing Teachers, the Section for Applied Arts known as the Reay Art Workshops, the Potteries, and the Architectural School. The latter Department, Architecture, is a subject too large to be included in this short survey and as it offers problems quite distinct from those of the Painting and Modelling sections, we shall not touch upon these here. With the Art Crafts again we need not at present concern ourselves. Some examples of these will be shown on the slides, and these will show that our workshops are doing Indian work. The Potteries are also outside the scope of our present enquiry and the subject of the teaching of Drawing Masters—while intensely important and even vital to Indian Art, is too large a thing to be touched on by me to-night. I will only say that in India at the present time Higher Art and School Drawing must be far more closely connected and in-

(Continued on page 10)

JAIN STUDENTS' HOME, BOMBAY.

Gathering of the United Jain Students' Home to bid farewell to Mr. C. C. Daru, the retiring Superintendent. Mr. Daru is seen sitting on the chair fifth from the left while the present Hon. Secretary, Mr. M. J. Desai is last in the same row.

THE SCOUT MOVEMENT.

Bombay Chronicle Photo.

Mr. M. V. Venkateshwaram, Provincial Secretary of the Bombay Boy Scouts Association, addressing a public gathering at the Sir C. J. Hall, on Monday evening under the presidency of Sir C. H. Setalvad, on the utility of the Scout Movement.

ROVERS TOURNAMENT.

Bombay Chronicle Photo.

In the semi-final on Monday evening the Middlesex defeated the West Yorks by three goals to one. On the left side of the photograph the West Yorks are seen on the defensive while on the right the Middlesex goal-keeper is seen rushing out to kick the ball in nick of time.

NATIONAL EDUCATION.

(Continued from page 6.)

Great Puratatva Mandir of Gujerat—has also grown steadily. Its publications are solid contributions to learning, and students growing under professors engaged in advanced study and research are more truly educated than those who plod on from day to day taking down second and third hand notes and committing them to memory. The college and the Puratatva Mandir and the boarding-house are all housed together in a compact building away from the town in beautiful open country.

Vernacular is the medium of both instruction and examination in all the schools, and even in the college, of the fifteen professors I believe only five is delivering his lectures in English. I started lecturing on European history and Political Theories last term in Hindi and I find that I need not have waited so long to introduce this change.

I claim that this is a record of success and not failure, we have worked only for five years, five very extraordinary years: we have worked against heavy odds; we have no endowments, no recognised commercial value for our degrees to attract students, no glamour of the State, and now no spirit even of non-co-operation in the country to help us. We depend only on our honest efforts to give real education in an atmosphere free from all taint of slave psychology. We invite those to join us whose aim in life is not Government service or flattery, but independent walks of national service in literature and the arts in education and social service. Commerce absorbs most of the young men in Gujerat, and even for them we provide suitable training.

If young men in Gujerat have really shaken off the glamour of British Rule which attaches to Government institutions not even the question of bread and butter need keep them away from our college. I am in fairly close touch with my ex-students and I venture to challenge the statement that there is a serious problem of unemployment among them.

To sum up the Gujerat Vidyapith is building up its credit even through these days of depression; groups of idealistic workers in different centres have contributed to this result; it is a pioneer institution working out new ideals in Indian Education. Its ideals are high and its achievement, I humbly claim are not mean.

RUN OVER BY TRAIN.

BODY LIES UNATTENDED FOR 20 HOURS.

Narsu Subava, a Hindu (39), was found lying on the railway lines of the G. I. P. Railway near Matunga Station at about 4-30 p.m. on Sunday. A gateman informed the Station Master, Sion, of the incident, but he told the gateman to report to the Station Master at Matunga as it was his jurisdiction.

One of Narsu's relatives named Rawoo went to the spot and found him in great agony. He died at about 6-30 p.m. The dead man was kept near the railway lines, the whole of Sunday night and Monday morning. At about 11 a.m. on Monday the police came and removed the body to the morgue. After Narsu's death till the police arrived a watch was kept over his body by his relative Rawoo. The body was kept for nearly 20 hours unattended.

The Coroner held an inquest and summoned the Station Master, Matunga, to give evidence as to why he did not take immediate action for the removal of the injured man to a hospital.

L. B. Thosar, Station Master, Matunga, said he was on duty on Sunday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. He came to know of the incident at 10 a.m. on Monday. Witness immediately sent a report to the police. A gateman from Agarwada Gate came to witness on Monday morning to give the information.

To the Court:—One Govind Krishna Thorve who is my assistant was at the station on the 27th instant at about 4-30 or 5 p.m. At that time I was in my cabin inspecting it. The gateman appears to have informed him of the accident. Thorve did not inform me about it. He relieved me at 8 p.m. that day but did not mention the accident to me at all. If the Station Master of Sion had information of the occurrence it was his duty to send a telegram to all concerned. He could have arranged in the discharge of his duty. If he had injured man to hospital I say he failed in the discharge of his duty. If he had sent me a telegram I would have arranged to have the injured man taken to hospital but I heard nothing till 10 a.m. the next day.

Dinker Nimbray, Station Master, Sion, replying to the court said:—I did not send a telegram to all concerned because the accident had not happened in my Section.

Coroner:—Do I understand you to say that in your opinion the question of your jurisdiction was more important than the life of a human being?

Witness:—I did not send a telegram to all concerned because the incident had not happened in my section.

The Coroner made a note that the General Traffic Manager of G. I. P. Railway should we written that the above witness should be written that the above witness deserves to be dealt with very severely.

Further hearing was adjourned till Thursday.

EX-POLITICAL PRISONER ARRESTED.

A BENARES SENSATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BENARES, Sept. 28

At eight in the morning to-day Sj. Damodarswarup Seth of Bareilly was arrested under Section 396 (dacoity with murder) and 120B (criminal conspiracy) I. P. C., at the house of the Vice-Principal of the Kashi Vidyapith, where he was residing with his sister for her medical treatment. The arrest has been made in connection with the recent moving train dacoity near Lucknow, which in Government eyes had a political significance having revolutionary motives behind it. Nothing was found in the search. Sj. Damodarswarup was a prominent accused in the Benares Conspiracy case of 1916 but after his release in 1920 he was an altered man, having been influenced greatly by the non-violent tenets of Mahatma Gandhi. He was at present a most peaceful man leading a quiet and harmless life, serving as a teacher in the Kashi Vidyapith School. Since his release up till now, he was being haunted and harassed by the police.

CONGRESS WORKERS ARRESTED.

IN CONNECTION WITH TRAIN DACOITY

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 29.

Pandit Jyotish Shankar Dikshit, secretary, United Provinces Provincial Congress Committee, has been arrested at Etawah and Lala Harnam Sunderlal of U. P. Depressed Classes Mission at Lakhimpur Kheri.

Pandit Sitla Sahai, whose house was searched in Cawnpore, has been arrested here.

Wires from Agra also announce the arrests of Babu Chandra Dhar Johri, Babu Ram Varma, President, District Congress Committee, Etah, and Mr. Chandrabal. The arrests, it is stated, are in connection with the Lucknow train dacoity.

HARTAL AT ARVI.

The Secretary of the Hindu Sabha, Arvi, wires:—

Local Hindus peaceful hartal on Sunday as a protest against the orders under the Police Act Sec. 30, and Criminal Procedure Code Section 144, prohibiting processions, music and sticks. None observed the Dasheran festival. Messrs. Basawantrao Patel and Trimbakrao Deshpande, Honorary Magistrates, resigned by way of protest. Other Hindu Magistrate's resignations are likely. A public meeting of 5,000 Hindus held yesterday evening unanimously passed the resolutions. Emphatically protesting against the executive orders and heartily congratulating Messrs. Baswantrao Patil and Trimbakrao Deshpande on their courage in renouncing Government honours.

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ART TENDENCIES IN BOMBAY.

(Continued from page 8.)

ter-dependant than they are in Europe. The Life of the Bombay School of Art lies in its Painting and Drawing Class and these are run upon a very definite and easily explainable system. The object of that system is to teach students first to see secondly to draw, and thirdly to paint. When their eyes have been opened, and their hands trained, then the task of the School of Art is accomplished. We do not profess to teach them colour, except in so far as training their powers of perception goes. I remember the late Mr. J. S. Sargent impressing this fact upon me when I was a student, and restricting the scope of his instruction entirely to the correcting of form, tone values, and proportion, and I believe that the dictum of that Modern Master was absolutely right. Every student's colour is his own. But he may be taught to draw correctly by drawing from the antique cast, the Head from Life and the draped and undraped figure from Life. So far we think we are on firm ground, and we claim that the results achieved justify us in so thinking. The students can draw,

A Warning.

And now ladies and gentlemen, a word of warning! Let us go slowly. Rome was not built in a day. Nor can the fabric of a sound art training be built up in a few years. The Life Classes were started less than six years ago. What is the use then of expecting impossible results? We might have copied the Ajanta Frescoes and gone on copying them and shown these and calld them Indian Art. They would not have been Indian Art at all any more than the copies of Botticelli which are being manufactured in the National Gallery of London are Italian Art. We do not want copying except as an adjunct to the study of Life itself. If there be any use in copying at all (and Sir Joshua Reynolds had grave doubts about its real utility) it can only be as a supplementary study. The study of the finest antique statue or painting whether Greek or Indian cannot *supersede* the study of Nature, though it can aid that study. We are admirers of Indian Art, we adore and reverence it; we bend in awe before its majestic manifestations and we desire to see its splendid renaissance. But how can we help the Indian students in our charge? It is a great—a solemn responsibility. It might well prove an overwhelming one, but for one saving factor in the case. We the teachers have in turn *our* Teacher. We turn in our agonies of doubt in the only direction whence help can reach us—we turn to *Nature*. "When in doubt go to Nature" might well be the motto blazoned over the portals of the World's Schools of Art. And immediately our doubts roll away from us—we can stand steady beneath the fire of criticism; because we have not subscribed to any doctrinaire creed, whether Indian or European, we have simply founded our artistic faith on Nature as on a rock. And to Nature we lead the students. When a student can draw the human head and the human figure accurately he has acquired something. He has acquired something *which he can never lose*. He has mastered the grammar of the language of Art. What message he will give the world now that he is proficient is his own affair. Thanks largely to the great interest taken in the School of Art by the Governors of Bombay, facilities for study are being given to the students which they have not enjoyed previously.

Not so Fragile.

We approach Indian art from the practical view-point of artist-craftsman. However wonderful may be the message of creative art which the young student feels surging within him,—however splendid his dreams, he cannot make these materialise upon canvas or on the walls until he has mastered the practical methods of graphic expression which belong to the artists' calling. The Ajanta Cave Masters were not merely mystical dreamers, but a band of energetic workers, who tackled their work with keen knowledge and complete efficiency. There was nothing nebulous or uncertain about those Masters of Line, Form, and Decoration. If we believe in Indian Art at all can we suppose it to be so fragile a thing as to be in danger of succumbing in Bombay because many Bombay Artists delight to paint Nature naturally? Is the Indian personality so slight as to be overwhelmed because Indian Artists are absorbing what the West has to teach them in technique (as of old they absorbed the Greek artistic influences) and making it their own? I have no shadow of doubt that so long as Indian Artists refuse to *copy* the West but resolutely continue to copy Nature they are on the right lines. They have long been denied the facilities for training that all artists require; and they are profiting by these facilities with the swiftness of men who march upon an assured goal. The popular class of Mural Painting in the Bombay School of Art some examples of whose work you will see on the slides, will I think indicate to you the fusion of inherent decorative capacities and Nature study and the hopelessness of the outlook. In that—the highest class of the School of Art—the advanced students are encouraged rather than taught to apply that wonderful talent for the decoration of wall spaces which is the unique possession of the Indian Artist. The final vindication of the Bombay School of Art must be by means of the walls of Indian Buildings.

Fresh Ideas not Dogmas.

I have endeavoured to give you some account of the system of tuition in the School of Art of Bombay and I trust I have made it clear that we do not dogmatise on the subject of art training in India. On the contrary Bombay is not at all exclusive in its ideas of Indian Art. It welcomes the influx of fresh ideas, fresh discoveries, in this (to me) most enthralling of all fields of study. It acknowledges the debt of local artists and art students to Bombay's art-loving Governors. It advocates the interchange of ideas between the different Provinces, and it recognises that the artistic problems of the Country differ with different districts. Thus in one part of India we find certain types of painting which are perhaps peculiar to that district, special styles in sculpture, special Crafts and distinctive artistic customs. For this reason it is that we welcome opportunities such as the present one which the Committee of the Naini Tal Art Society have so kindly given me and which directly encourages the interchange of views between the Provinces. For we feel that too long have the great art-producing areas of India worked in water-tight compartments so to speak, and that the sooner that the barriers that divide them are eliminated—not artificially but by the growth of the interchange of mutual ideas—the sooner shall we see the rebirth of a national art in India, such as existed in the old Buddhist days. It is with this grand ultimate goal in view that so many people on the Bombay side are advocating with such enthusiasm the scheme for the encouragement of Indian Art which has become known by the name of the Prize of Delhi scheme and which has for its object the providing of post-graduate courses in the Fine Arts for the most brilliant art students in this country. Some of you may have seen the important utterances on that topic delivered by the Right Honourable Sir George Lloyd in London and by His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson in Bombay. You may also be aware that a very influential Committee in Bombay including names inextricably linked with the advance of Art in Western India as those of the Hon'ble Mr. Sethna, Mr. M. R. Jaykar, and Mr. K. H. Vakil have put forward most interesting suggestions on this subject. The idea of a measure of State patronage for Art is nearly as old as Art itself, and has always been regarded in artistic countries as indispensable. Indian Art will never be revived to rebeautify our world until a share of such patronage is forthcoming commensurate with the extent and scope of the Country's potential artistic forces. Indians themselves of course must recreate Indian Art, but the stable nucleus of Central State Patronage would be of essential service to Art as a means of concentraing and clarifying public efforts.

Tolerance and Open Mindedness.

You are fortunate, ladies and gentlemen, in possessing in your Governor His Excellency Sir William Marris, a leader whose eyes are fully open to the value of India's inherent artistic power and the significance of contemporary movements. No one, I am sure, who has read the newspaper reports of His Excellency's great speech at the opening of the All-India Art Exhibition at Lucknow can have failed to derive from that speech a new appreciation of the meaning of art-history and of comparative values, in their relation to present-day problems in Indian Art. But it seems to me that the most vital element in that oration was in the plea which it contained, and which indeed seemed to me to permeate it, for tolerance and open-mindedness. That is I feel sure the crucial point for Indian Artists to grasp in the present period of Revival. We who have faith in the permanence of India's unique stand-point in Art know that if there exists a risk of that stand-point being lost (to the detriment of all mankind) it will be through inaction rather than through action; and by the exclusion of new ideas rather than by the absorption and conversion of them to essentially Indian conception.

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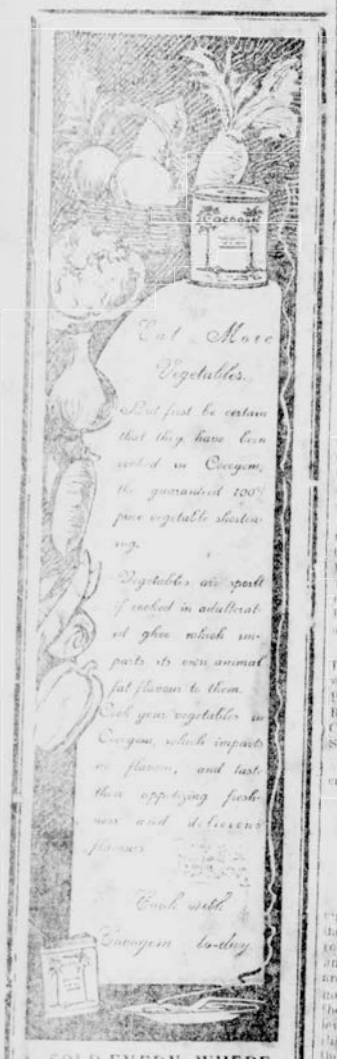

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FAILURE OF MONSOON.

HONAVAR CULTIVATORS' PLIGHT.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

HONAVAR, Sept. 28.

Roots of 10 villages in the Honavar taluk were assembled at Honguni in Honavar taluk to consider the survey of crops conditions of crops and recorded their unanimous opinions. The following resolutions were passed:

(1) Owing to unseasonable and heavy rains in the beginning and total failure in the week of June the rice crop completely ruined. Consequently the next year's prospect of cultivators are extremely gloomy, more so in view of the preceding two years' devastation by floods and crop failures. (2) Failure leaves a situation in the absence of the growth of grain and straw. Unless the Government arrange for liberal supplies of fodder cultivators cattle starvation is certain and next year's cultivation is impossible. (3) The failure of this year's *Zhoof* crop means shortage of rabi seed. Government help is essential in making available to the cultivators a large stock of seed for rabi season. (4) The Ryots who took large loans interest free are anxious by the remonts of summary recoveries for not completing repairs, in time for as the loan were given late last summer and in all cases amounts given less than the Government's town value and as repairs done again destroyed this year and as about less unavailable during the rainy summary recoveries on the pretext of incomplete repairs are most heartbreaking. The sum of repair effected again destroyed. The remission of the loan is urgently necessary and in case of loans for the seed and relief remission of instalments if not granted would work hardship. (5) For coming rabi and kharif cultivation (agri) loans for seed onite necessary. (6) As rice crops completely failed relief in the form of free grain of fodder for sustenance of ryots in shortage least expected. (7) Last year crossing for heavily recovered from floods attribute utterly ruined cultivators resources of the protects. This year also rice cultivators were affected to pay the same amount of fee already recovered and exemption for the rest this year absolutely necessary. Cultivators are indignant at the heartlessness of the Government and demand relief as is universal. As the fate cong forced be the last year's floods in Kodiem village is already ruined. This year the crop succeeding much more worse as entering the revolution worse. If impacts of this crash be not denoted immediately the whole price of land [illegible] The attention of the district administration is again earnestly invited to the seriousness of the situation.

SANGLI NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SANGLI, Sept. 24.

The Finale Statue controversy of Poona has reached Sangli. Recently this place has been a storm centre of the non-Brahman movement. It appears that in the hall of Sangli Municipality, a photo of the late Mr. Tilak has been placed without the permission of the President. No money has been voted for it according to the municipal rules. The non-Brahmans feeling on this question is very keen. It is understood that they intend to move in the next municipal meeting for the removal of the photo of the late Mr. Tilak or for the arrangement of a photo of the late Mr. Phule by the side of Mr. Tilak's photo. We must wait and see the later developments of this affair.

The Chief Saheb who had been to Sinla returned here yesterday. His younger brother Srimant Bapusahib Patvardhan who has dedicated his life to the service of the Theosophical Society, Adyar, was here for the last week. He was accompanied by Pandit Yadu Nandan Pershad of the National College, Adyar.

The Wellingdon College conducted by the Deccan Education Society and which stands within a stone's throw from Sangli in the British territory is making good progress. Recently it had been visited by Mr. C. Y. Chintamani and the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastry.

We had good rains the last week. The crops are in good condition.

JUBBULPORE NOTES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

JUBBULPORE, Sept. [illegible]

At the general meeting of the local municipality held in the Town Hall, the other day, the question of free water supply to religious institutes such as temples, mosques and churches was discussed. The question arose from the audit of the accounts of the municipality. The auditors observed from the books, that no water-tax had ever been levied from these institutes and objected to this special privilege and recommended that the Tax should be recovered with retrospective effect from 1917, but after some hot debate it was resolved that the Tax should be levied from this year only and that no recoveries be made by way of arrears as the recommendations were not accepted fully.

In spite of all the precautionary measures adopted by the Katni Municipality, plague has broken out there. Practically the whole town has been evacuated, but the virulence of the epidemic has not become moderate and about 4 to 5 cases are still reported every day. The epidemic has caused [illegible]

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BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

The annual general meeting of the members of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood was held at Arya Bhavan on Sunday morning, Mr. M. R. Jayakar presiding.

The annual report stated, among other things:—

The present Managing Committee was elected at the Annual General Meeting held "Arya Bhavan", Sandhurst Road, on 7th September 1924 under the Presidency of Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Barrister-at-Law, M.L.C., President of the institution. The principal item of business of this meeting was the discussion on the resolution moved by Mr. S. K. Marangar asking for a change in the rules so as to introduce the principle of proportional representation in the method of annual election to the managing Committee. After an interesting discussion, the meeting agreed to refer the question to the Managing Committee for their report and opinion, which is to be considered at a special general meeting, to be called for this purpose within three months. The meeting was, however, called on the 8th March 1925, but for want of the requisite quorum had to be adjourned. The adjourned meeting is being convened on the 13th September 1925. Another feature of this meeting was the enthusiasm shown by members in electing Mahatma Gandhi as one of the Honorary Patrons of the Institution.

Members.—The membership of the Brotherhood stood at the close of the year under report at 41 Life Members, 122 members of A Class, and 412 members of B Class as against 36, 123, and 309 respectively during the previous year, besides 7 Honorary Patrons and 3 Honorary Life Members. The number of fresh admission to the membership of the Brotherhood was 99 as against 41 deaths and 17 resignations, while the Committee were often more compelled to put into operation rule No. 44 and had to strike off no less than 78 members. Mr. Mavji Govindji so long as A Class member, became a Life member during this period, and it is earnestly hoped that his example will be followed by others.

Sunday Classes.—The late Principal R. E. Dhurandhar, Advocate conducted these classes, when he expounded "In Tune with the Infinite." The classes were as popular as they were in the past.

During the year a number of interesting and learned addresses were delivered by eminent persons a list of which is appended. These lectures have ever been an attractive feature of the work of the Brotherhood and have been largely attended.

The report then mentions the association's other activities, e.g. elocution competitions and debates, conversational meetings, draughts tournament, library and reading room.

Financial position:—The cash balance of Rs. 107, with a liability of Rs. 150 to meet at the end of the year under report clearly indicate the poor state of the finances of the Brotherhood. Even after exercising the strictest possible economy in all directions, it was found impossible to make the two ends meet, as will be seen from the accompanying Income and Expenditure Account, which shows a large deficit of Rs. 826, the chief cause was the very heavy rent, namely, Rs. 1,521 that had to be met during the period. The transfer of the Seva Sadan classes from the Brotherhood Headquarters deprived the institution of a substantial income of Rs. 300 per annum, which seen has been mainly the exact deficit of the year. This item of rent together with the establishment of wages has again more than absorbed the entire income derived from subscription. Under the circumstances, unless some means were devised to effect a reduction of rent in the near future, the Committee are afraid, even the minimum activities of the Brotherhood will have to be curtailed to some extent.

The financial position would have been worse but for the strenuous efforts made by the Treasurer to collect subscriptions which resulted in a collection of Rs. 1,000. The total outstandings at the end of the year brought down to Rs. 721 after writing off Rs. 131. It is clear, therefore, that the Brotherhood has to depend mainly on the annual collection of subscriptions of members. The Committee earnestly appeal to the members and the general public to lend their support to this old institution to enable it to continue its useful activities in various directions.

On the motion of the chairman, the report was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Jayakar wound up the proceedings with an appeal to all the members and the general public for funds, as the continuance of the Institution with all that it stood for depended almost solely on the monetary support available for it.

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THE MYSTERIES OF NATURE.

Some indexes of the Mysteries of Nature are given below:—

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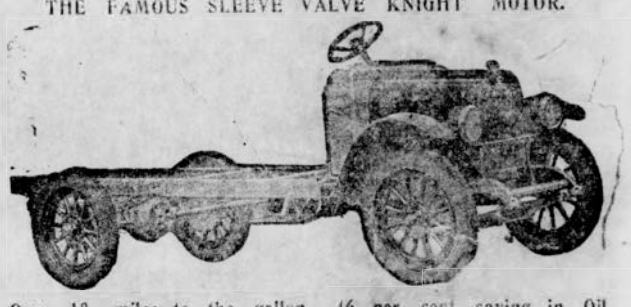

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